DALY CITY RECORD

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BY J. L. BROWN | DALY CITY, SAN MATEO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, JANUARY 9, 1914 | VOL. 5, NO. 41

A DOUBLE WEDDING

Supervisor and Mrs. James T. Casey's Daughters, Elise To John F, Barrett; Margy to Robt. D. Savage

Last Tuesday forenoon St. Anne's church, Colma, was the scene of a splendid double wedding, in which the charming and accomplished daughters of Supervisor and Mrs. James T. Casey plighted their faith forever and forever under the beautiful Catholic ceremony, with Rev. Father James A. Cooper officiating.

Miss Elsie became the bride of John Francis Barrett and Miss Margy became the bride of Robert Daniel Savage, both gentlemen are of the highest standing. Mr. Barrett is a successful contractor in San Francisco and Mr. Savage a wealthy farmer of Half Moon Bay.

St. Anne's church was never more beautifully decorated. The main setting was green composed of palms, ferns and ivy and here and there were sweet orange blossoms and other flowers, just enough to make the little church a bower of beauty, with the sacred altar as the center of splendor. The brides were married in their traveling suits.

St. Anne's church was filled to overflowing with friends, mostly of Colma of course, but many very prominent people were present from all over the county, every locality being well represented owing to the extensive acquaintance of the contracting parties. It was truly a wedding where the most profound good wishes reigned supreme and every incident was that of joy.

After the ceremony a reception was given at the Casey home and an elegant wedding breakfast served, after being blessed by that grand Reverend Father, James A. Cooper, whose sublime personality always commands respect and admiration from everybody.

Mr. and Mrs. Barrett will pass their honeymoon motoring through Southern California and Mr. and Mrs. Savage will tour the United States, including Washington and all other prominent cities.

Teachers' Pension Act.

Out of 162 teachers in San Mateo county, 149 have taken advantage of the new Teachers Pension Act, so the writer was informel Monday by County School Superintendent, Roy W. Cloud.

The teachers pay into the State fund provided by this new law, $1.00 a month which entitles them to a pension of $500 a year after they have completed thirty years service, dating from the time they began teaching.

Two of the teachers in the county, whose names are withheld at the suggestion of Mr. Cloud, are entitled to participate in the pension at the present time, having taught over thirty years, but decline to do so.

Twenty-Four New Citizens.

The following aliens were admitted to citizenship in the Superior Court last Tuesday The examination was conducted by Attorney W. S. Littleton of San Francisco.

Stephen Rezsek, Antone Johnson, Frederick J. Meek, Sels G. Nelson, Mercella Vernengo. Antone Shiechi, John Flynn, Alice Schumacher, Henry Kempf, Stephen Hatzke, Jean Lacau, Leonardo Dioguardi, Claudie Cattori G. Zinola, S. Della Miggoria, Ludwig Regner Joseph Rener, Jas. R. Catherwood, Andrew Hammberg, C. F. Godden, Frank Ferreria, A. Asserini, Pete Tortaolo, James Welch.

PARCEL POST WEIGHT LIMITS ARE INCREASED.

Effective January 1, 1914, the following changes are made in the parcel post system:

The limit of weight of packages intended for local delivery, or for delivery in the first or second zones, is increased from twenty to fifty pounds; and in the third, fourth, fifth, sixth seventh and eighth zones, from eleven to twenty pounds.

No change is made in the maximum size of a parcel, which still remains seventy-two inches in length and girth combined.

OCEAN BOULEVARD BADLY DAMAGED

Many Thousands Travel Out to See Damage Done by Surf

The out-of-door spirit was strong in San Francisco Sunday and most of the people of the city were out for a part of the day at least to play in the soft, spring-like air.

A great many thousands of them flocked out to the beach below the Cliff House, drawn there by the double attraction of beautiful surf and sunshine and curiosity to see the 15-foot cliff of sand that has stood since the recent storm washed most of the beach out to sea.

Those who visited the ocean in the morning saw an unusual sight. The tide was high and there was no beach. The surf, still running high and boisterous, was rolling landward in big combers that dashed against the sand cliff,

Although the fury of the storm had subsided the sea was still gnawing ravenously at the narrow strip of sand which divides the Ocean boulevard from the breakers. Park employees are keeping up their fight to hold back the waves, and a blanket of brush and eucalyptus branches has been packed along the weakest point. The observatory across the boulevard from the life-saving station was not in danger. A row of sheds on the south end has collapsed.

The crowd of beach visitors was dense in the afternoon. For nearly half a mile the narrow remnant of high sand was black with a throng of holiday people.

By mid-afternoon the tide was low and the warm sun had dried up the slopes just below the sand cliff. Hundreds dropped over the cliff to lunch or loaf in the sands. A few sturdy youngsters put on bathing suits to swim.

Sunday afternroon habitues of the Beach declare that Sunday's crowd was one of the biggest for a winter day in years. The ocean cars were packed going and coming all afternoon Thousands of automobiles rolled up and down the highway and were packed in a column three deep along the boulevard.

Apportioned School Funds.

Superintendent of Schools Roy W. Cloud has apportioned the county school money to the various districts as follows:

Alpine	$ 333 75
Bell	333 78
Belmont	783 75
Burlingame	3712 50
Greersburg	93 75
Halfmoon Bay	1717 50
Higgins	337 50
Hillsborough	337 50
Jefferson	10440 00
Laguna	322 g0
La Honda	337 50
Las Lomitas	375 00
Menlo Parrk	817 50
Millbrae	1203 75
Miramar	393 75
Montara	795 00
Pescadero	1275 00
Pigeon Point	363 75
Pilarcitos	363 75
Pomponio	360 00
Portola	737 50
Purissima	378 75
Ravenswood	341 25
Redwood City	4721 25
San Bruno Park	2493 75
San Gregorio	348 75
San Mateo	10501 25
San Pedro	356 25
Seaside	415 25
South San Francisco	5096 25
Sunnyside	322 50
Tobin	348 75
Tusitas	375 00
Visitacion	330 00
West Union	322 50
Wurr	345 00

This, in addition to the $2605 appropriation to the respective library funds, makes a total of $55,492.90. In the different districts which asked for special taxes $20,507.00 was collected.

The high schools of the county received the following amounts:

Sequoia High	$ 9833 35
San Mateo	18478 30
Halfmoon Bay	3913 75
South San Francisco	3321 20

DOG GONE.

Information that will locate a white female bird dog, which disappeared from Moss Beach Saturday night, will be appreciated at this office.—Coast Side Comet.

THE SUPERVISORS

SAN MATEO COUNTY SOLONS

The first regular meeting of the month of the Board of Supervisors met in Redwood City Monday with all members present.

County officers reports were read and filed.

The matter of changing the route of the County highway through south San Francisco, that has been before the Supervisors at every meeting for some time with two proposals for changes, was called up and one of the contending committees were about to present their side of the case again, when Supervisor Casey took the floor and stated that he was absolutely **opposed to any change being made from the route that had been voted upon by the people** and made a motion to that effect which was seconded by MacBain. Chairman Brown, in presenting the motion stated that it was in perfect harmony with his views and always had been. The motion carried unanimously.

A committee of eight from Belmont were present to ask a hearing regarding the building of the State Highway on the west side of the S. P. tracks between Beresford and Redwood City, when the matter shall come up. Edward De Nivernais, alias Edward Lurmash, took the floor, announcing himself as spokesman of the committee following with an attack upon Chairman Brown that was undoubtedly most uncalled for and unjust. He denounced Chairman Brown as a crook and that he was in collusion with the S. P., to which Mr. Brown denounced his assailant as a liar, and offered to bet $10,000 to go to any charitable institution, that nothing wrong could be laid at his door in the matter and that he did not purpose to be thus assailed by a few political enemies, to whom he announced that he would be a candidate at the coming election.

The matter of the non-consisting land owners of the rights-of-ways on the San Pedro Mountain road was introduced, where Supervisor Casey spoke of the R. S. Thornton case, stated that the old gentleman should not be compelled to give up his good garden land for the change from the old road, that the $1500 offered if added to the old road would make it just as good. Mr. Casey made a nice talk, speaking of this 95-year-old pioneer, who had been a supervisor of San Mateo County in 1856 and that the many good things he had performed for the county deserved recognition.

Sentimentally Mr. Casey certainly made a nice talk, but the other Supervisors considered differently and a motion prevailed approving the report of the viewers, which probably means condemnation proceedings.

As the bids were about to be opened for the supply of drugs for the county farm, Chairman Brown had a letter read from Mrs. E. E. Johnson of the Morse Pharmacy, San Mateo, attacking the present methods of awarding drug contracts. Manager Hull of the Morse Pharmacy was called upon and made a statement that heretofore it has been the custom of bidders to bid far below cost on articles that are very seldom used and very high on staple drugs such as salts were priced at figures that were much higher than they could be obtained in the open market.

It was thereupon decided by motion, to reject all bids without being opened and advertise for new bids on a basis to be decided by a committee of three to be appointed for that purpose.

Bids for other supplies for the County farm were as follows:

Tobacco—J. R. Keating was awarded the contract for $309.75.

Shoes—Rossetti awarded the contract for $2.70 a pair.

Meats—New California Market.

Feed and Fuel—Notley & Sons was awarded the contract for $1,152.

Prunes—Bid rejected for the reason that the price quoted was higher than the open market.

$2,000 from the general fund was made available to the San Mateo County Development Association, less the bills already paid.

Quite a number of saloon license renewals were quoted and several applications were presented for first reading.

J. J. Gomes presented bid for supplying Montara Lighting District with electricity. Laid over until next Monday.

Surveyor Newman asked for instructions on nert contracts to swing and prepare plans and specifications to advertise for bids.

Francis moved and was seconded by Blackburn to survey the road between San Pedro Mountain and Half Moon Bay. The motion carried.

Blackburn moved and was seconded by Francis that the road between Half Moon Bay to Pescadero be prepared for bridges. Carried.

Adjourned until next Monday.

A Problem for Labor.

A recent news story has it that the Y. W. C. A. is busy on a plan for listing all the servant girls in the city, classifying them by their special ability and listing all the employers by their special needs and finally organizing the employers to the end that they may get efficient domestic service. The other side of the shield was touched on lightly with the statement that if something was not done the girls would organize into unions.

Here is the problem for organized labor. We must get these girls into the labor movement for their own protection, for our protection and for the benefit of the future human race. We must not lose a moment's time in doing it, either, for if we do, the social agencies engineered by the employing class will get them organized so effectively they can do nothing for themselves and prevent our doing anything for them.

There is a spirit of organization amongst the girls working in domestic service. Their hours are so long and so irregular and the conditions of employment so downright nauseating that it is to most of them a thing to get away from, and they go into the stores, factories and brothels so fast that there is a constant "servant problem to the employers.

With organization these girls could standardize their hours and conditions of employment, define their social status and make conditions of housework as agreeable as any other form of wage labor at least. They are ready for that organization. Let labor take the hint and get busy.—Seattle Union Record.

On the Rocks.

Near the shores of eternity, a physical and financial wreck, in a room not far from Redwood City depot, lies one whose kindly face is not unfamiliar to many San Mateans and residents of Redwood. All who know him will be loth to realize that reference is made to "Cap" Price, for he was ever of a sunny, romancing nature, though it harmed no one, and led all to think he was prepared to meet any emergency. Yet he is there, without a penny, dashed hither and thither by an exhausted vitality, the ominous anguish of Time's breakers ever signaling his fate.

Unless the many who know him respond, he will soon be compelled to go to the poor house to pass the few days that will mark his stay here. We believe he has enough friends to avert this humiliation.

Pete Thorsen of San Mateo or George Stacord of Redwood will accept contributions for his aid.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Edwin McClintock, aged 21, and Grace Wight, aged 19, both of San Jose.

Louis Castro, aged 29, and Aneta Rae Liebe, aged 23, both of San Jose.

G. S. Deming, aged 24, and Ellen M. Dixon, aged 24, both of San Francisco.

Selah Chamberlain plaintiff in the suit of Selah Chamberlain against Jefferson M. Moore, executor of the last will and testament of J. J. Moore, deceased, has filed a notice in the clerk's office dismissing the appeal to the Supreme Court, notice of which was filed last week. The case has been settled.

ALASKA PRODUCES NINETEEN MILLION

Advance Statement by United States Geological Survey.

The value of the mineral output of Alaska in 1913 is estimated at $18,900,000 by Alfred H. Brooks, of the United States Geological Survey, as compared with $22,537,831 for 1912. The value of the gold output is estimated at $15,450,000; that of 1912 was $17,143,951. There was also a very marked decrease in copper production, that of 1913 being estimated to have been 19,700,000 pounds, value at about $3,014,000, while that of 1912 was 29,230,401 pounds, valued at $14,823,031. As the Alaska silver output is largely a by-product of gold and copper mining, this also showed a decrease in value from $136,839 in 1912 to about $220,000 in 1913. Other minerals, including marble, gypsum, tin, etc., are estimated to have been produced to the value of about $220,000 in 1913, or about the same as the value of the production of 1912.

The Territority has produced mineral wealth to the value of $248,300,000. Of this $228,200,000 is gold, $16,580,000 copper, $2,060,000,000 silver, $360,000 coal, and the balance tin, lead, marble, gypsum, petroleum etc. Copper mining began in Alaska in 1901, and the total production is about 110,000,000 pounds.

There are several reasons for the decrease of over $3,500,000 in the value of Alaska's mineral output, as compared with the previous year. The most importrant of these is the condition of the placer mining industry, which, in spite of the advances made in lode mining, still furnishes two-thirds of the gold output. Less than 40 per cent of the placer gold is produced by large plants, the balance being still won from the rich gravels that can be profitably mined by hand methods. Therefore marked fluctuation in the placer gold output is unevitable, due to exhaustion of bonanzas on one hand, and the discovery of new districts on the other. Moreover, these small operations are far more dependent on the local water supply than are the large plants. Under such conditions no stability placer gold production is to be expected.

To Condemn Spring Valley.

County Recorder H. O. Heiner has received a notice of the condemnation suit brought by the City and County of San Francisco in the Superior Court against the Spring Valley Water Company. The action was brought in San Francisco and notice of the proceedings has been filed in everyr county in which the company owns land or water rights. The notice is a voluminous affair, containing 50,000 closely written words. The fees for recording will be $55. The city brings the suit to condemn all the property of the company for water purposes. For some years negotiations have been pending by the city for the purchase of the plant of the company for a municipal water supply, but the price asked by the concern, to-wit, $38,000,000 was considered too high by the supervisors and therefore they ordered condemnation proceeding to be commenced.

APPRAISERS APPOINTED

Judge Buck has appointed James Madden of Burlingame, A. J. Cole of Easton and R. F. Chilcott of Redwood city, appraisers of the estate of Jessie De Gear, deceased.

Judge Buck has appointed H. W. Schaberg, William Turnbull and C. W. Elfing, appraisers of the estate of Josephine Wilson, deceased.

BUILDING CONTRACTS

The following builder's contracts were filed in the county recorder's office during the week: Geo. B. Moore of Mayfield agrees to erect for C. S. Crary of Burlingame, a one-story frame building on lot 3, block 5, Burlingame in 90 days for $3410.

Deputy Recorder to be Bride.

Miss Minnie Gould, deputy in the Recorder's office has resigned her position and her place has been filled by the appointment of Miss Georgiana Gray Burlingame. Miss Gould is to be united in marriage to Harry T. Ashford, a former Stanford student but now an engineer for the Pacific Gas and Electric Company and is located at San Francisco.

PACIFIC COAST SIDE

What Our Neighbors Along the Pacific's Shore Have Been Doing, Are Doing and Will Continue Do Do

C. B. Smith reports the arrival of the office equipment for the telephone exchange to be operated in the Comet building.

Two automobile loads of Half Moon Bay fight fans, undaunted by the threatening weather, went to Colma New Years to witness the big "go" there.

Mrs. Morton is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Hilton, who has just arrived from New York City. Mrs. Hilton expects to remain several months.

The past week has seen some of the extreme low tides for which Marine View has become so famous and popular with the fishing fraternity and many fine catches of sea trout, rock cod, eel and abalone were made from the exposed reefs.

Every one agrees that Robert F. Gallagher of Farallone has much reason to be proud of his new home there. And every one else in the community is proud, too, of having his fine residence in their midst, for it is large and splendid and a credit to the growing townsite.

Gertrude Nye, the bright, vivacious six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nye of Moss Beach, met with a distressing accident on the evening of the last day of 1913. In hurrying, child like, to put away her slippers, she ran against a pan of scalding water that her father had just lifted from the stove, dashing the merciless fluid on her face and shoulders. Her father immediately grasped her and, thrusting her under a hydrant, tore her clothes from her and applied sweet oil liberally, assisted by Mrs. Nye. The quick treatment probably saved her life or permanent disfigurement. It is regarded as miraculous that none of the water entered the eyes or ears. The little sufferer is getting along nicely.—Coast Side Comet.

J. C. and Claude Littlepage gave a house party from Friday to Monday at their beach bungalows, and the weather being ideal a most enjoyable time was had. Among the guests were Willis Hall, Leo V. Belden, Miss Frieda Hilbert, Miss Louise Hewes, Misses Mildred and Dorothy Shirley. A climb to the top of Montara Mountain (directly back of Marine View—elevation 2300 feet) was made by the party Sunday morning, after which a dip in the ocean was enjoyed by all. A swimming race between Messrs. Belden, Hall and Littlepage was won by the former. Mr. Belden is one of the crack swimmers of the Olympic Club and is an expert with the Austrian Crawl stroke used by Duke Khanamaku, the world's champion. Mr. Belden considers the cove at Marine View ideal for swimming on account of the calm water.

Former Resident Dead

George F. Kelley, a photographer of San Francisco, and father of Edith Kelly, formerly of Redwood City but now a teacher in the High School of San Mateo, dropped dead, presumably of heart failure, while riding from San Francisco to Oakland on a Southern Pacific train. Kelly, who was about 60 years of age, had just left the home of his son, W. G. Kelly, 1627 Sonoma street, Berkeley, and carried a suit case containing presents which he had received. His son is a traveling accountant in the employ of the Southern Pacific company. The dead man was a pioneer of the State and is survived by four children. He often visited here.—Democrat.

New Deputy Tax Collector

Frank Griffin, a graduate of the commercial department of the local high school, and one of the bright pupils of the class of 1912, has been appointed chief deputy in the tax collector's office in place of Miss Elna Allen, who recently resigned. Owing to the vast amount of work in the office Mr. McSweeney preferred the assistance of a young man instead of a woman. Besides, Mrr. Griffin is an expert stenographer and typewriter.

ORDINANCE NO. 268

ORDINANCE NO. 268 OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF SAN MATEO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DIVIDING SAID COUNTY OF SAN MATEO INTO ELECTION PRECINCTS AND ESTABLISHING THE BOUNDARIES THEREOF.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of of San Mateo, State of California, do ordain as follows:

SECTION NO. 1

The County of San Mateo is hereby divided into 54 precincts, to be known and designated as follows:

Belmont Precinct,
Burlingame Precinct No. 1,
Burlingame Precinct No. 2,
Burlingame Precinct No. 3,
Burlingame Precinct No. 4,
Burlingame Precinct No. 5,
Burlingame Precinct No. 6,
Burlingame Precinct No. 7,
Colma Precinct No. 1,
Colma Precinct No. 2,
Daly City Precinct No. 1,
Daly City Precinct No. 2,
Daly City Precinct No. 3,
Daly City Precinct No. 4,
Daly City Precinct No. 5,
Denniston Precinct,
Granada Precinct,
Half Moon Bay Precinct,
Hillsborough Precinct,
La Honda Precinct,
Lomita Park Precinct,
Menlo Park Precinct No. 1,
Menlo Park Precinct No. 2,
Millbrae Precinct,
Pescadero Precinct,
Portola Precinct,
Purissima Precinct,
Redwood City Precinct No. 1,
Redwood City Precinct No. 2,
Redwood City Precinct No. 3,
Redwood City Precinct No. 4,
Redwood City Precinct No. 5,
San Bruno Precinct No. 1,
San Bruno Precinct No. 2,
San Bruno Precinct No. 3,
San Carlos Precinct,
San Gregorio Precinct,
San Mateo Precinct No. 1,
San Mateo Precinct No. 2,
San Mateo Precinct No. 3,
San Mateo Precinct No. 4,
San Mateo Precinct No. 5,
San Mateo Precinct No. 6,
San Mateo Precinct No. 7,
San Mateo Precinct No. 8,
San Mateo Precinct No. 9,
San Mateo Precinct No. 10,
San Pedro Precinct,
South San Francisco Precinct No. 1,
South San Francisco Precinct No. 2,
South San Francisco Precinct No. 3,
Steele Precinct,
Visitacion Precinct,
Woodside Precinct.

SECTION NO. 9
Burlingame Precinct No. 7

Burlingame Precinct No. 7 shall contain all that territory of the County of San Mateo included within the following lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at the southerly boundary line of the A. M. Easton 560.45-acre tract, which is also the northwesterly boundary of the City of Hillsborough, at a point distant thereon Three Hundred and Fifty (350) feet, at right angles with the southwesterly line of Vancouver Avenue; thence northwesterly and parallel to Vancouver Avenue to a point where the easterly line of Easton Drive would intersect said last mentioned line of said Easton Drive were extended southerly Three Hundred and Forty-nine and twenty-five one-hundredths (349.25) feet; thence in a northerly direction on and along said easterly line of Easton Drive to a point One Hundred and Twenty (120) feet at right angles with Vancouver Avenue; thence on and across said Easton Drive and running parallel with said Vancouver Avenue to a point of intersection formed by Adeline Drive, if extended southeasterly to intersect said line parallel to Vancouver Avenue; thence at right angles and in a northeasterly direction One Hundred and Twenty (120) feet to the southwesterly line of Vancouver Avenue; thence on and across said Vancouver Avenue and following along the southwesterly line of Adeline Drive to the southwesterly line of the main County Road leading from San Francisco to San Jose (sometimes known as "El Camino Real"); thence following along the southwesterly line of the main County Road to the northeasterly corner of Lot No. 10, Block 50, of the Easton Addition; thence at a right angle on and across said main County Road to the northeasterly line of said main County Road to a point of intersection formed by the southeasterly line of the D. O. Mills tract and the northeasterly line of said main County Road; thence in a northerly direction on and along said D. O. Mills tract to a point formed by the intersection of the westerly line of Section Twelve (12), Township Four (4) South, Range Five (5) West, if said Section line was extended southerly to intersect said line and the southeasterly line of said D. O. Mills tract; thence due north along the said westerly line of Section Twelve (12) to the intersection formed by Sections One, Two, Eleven and Twelve (1-2-11-12); thence easterly along said northerly line of Section Twelve (12) to the intersection formed by Sections One, Six, Seven and Twelve (1-6-7-12); thence southerly along the easterly line of said Section Twelve (12) one-half mile; thence due west to a point that is due north from a point where the dividing line between the First and Second Townships of San Mateo County intersects the northeasterly line of the right of way of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company; thence due south to said point where said Township line intersects said line of said right of way; thence southwesterly along said Township line to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 10
Colma Precinct No. 1

Colma Precinct No. 1 shall contain all that territory of San Mateo County included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point on the easterly line of Mission Road, where said line is intersected by the easterly extension of the southerly line of Orange Avenue; thence westerly along said line of Orange Avenue and the extension thereof to a point on the easterly line of the Rancho Laguna de la Merced; thence due north to a point where said easterly boundary of said Rancho intersects the dividing line between the County of San Mateo and the City and County of San Francisco; thence westerly along said dividing line to the Pacific Ocean; thence southerly along the shore line of said Pacific Ocean to a point where said shore line is intersected by the southerly boundary of the north one-half of the north one-half of Section 11, Township 3 South, Range 6 West; thence due east to the westerly line of the Seventy-five Dollar Lot Homestead and the easterly line of said Section 11; thence due south to the northwesterly boundary line of the Burri Burri Rancho; thence southwesterly along said boundary line of Rancho to the dividing line between said Burri Burri Rancho and the San Pedro Rancho; thence southeasterly along the dividing line between said Ranchos to the most westerly corner of the Spring Valley Water Company's 153.13-acre tract; thence northeasterly along the northwesterly line of said 153.13-acre tract to the most northerly corner thereof; thence in a straight line northwesterly to the most southerly corner of the Baden Company's 374.38-acre tract; thence northerly and northeasterly along the boundary of said Baden Company's tract to the most southerly corner of the J. L. Flood 530.21-acre tract; thence northwesterly and northeasterly along the boundary of said J. L. Flood tract to the most westerly corner of the H. Cowell Estate 104.61-acre tract; thence northeasterly along the northwesterly boundary line of the said H. Cowell Estate tract and the extension of said boundary of said H. Cowell Estate tract northeasterly to the easterly line of the Mission Road, also known as the main County Road; thence northwesterly and northerly along said side of said road to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 11
Colma Precinct No. 2

Colma Precinct No. 2 shall contain all that territory in the County of San Mateo included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at the point of intersection of the southerly line of Thiers Street extended easterly in its own direction with the northeasterly boundary line of the land known as the Abbey Homestead Tract; thence in a general southeasterly direction along the northeasterly line of the said Abbey Homestead Tract to a point in the northerly boundary line of the Burri Burri Rancho; thence southeasterly along the said northerly boundary line of the Burri Burri Rancho to the northwesterly line of the city limits of South San Francisco; thence southwesterly along said city limits to the southwesterly line of the main County Road leading from San Francisco to San Jose, also known as Mission Road; thence northwesterly along said line of said County Road to its intersection with the westerly extension of the southerly line of Thiers Street; thence easterly along said extension and along the said southerly line of Thiers Street to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 12
Daly City Precinct No. 1

Daly City Precinct No. 1 shall contain all that territory in the County of San Mateo included in the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of the Mission Road, also known as the main County Road, intersects the northerly boundary line of San Mateo County; thence along said County line to the easterly limits of Daly City; thence southwesterly along said limits of Daly City to a point on the easterly boundary line of the Abbey Homestead Tract; thence due north to the southerly boundary line of the Crocker Tract Subdivision; thence easterly along said boundary line of said Crocker Tract Sub-division to the center line of Green Avenue; thence northerly along said center line of said Green Avenue to the center line of the aforesaid Mission Road; thence northeasterly along said center line of the Mission Road to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 13
Daly City Precinct No. 2

Daly City Precinct No. 2 shall contain all that territory in the County of San Mateo included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of the Mission Road, also known as the main County Road, intersects the northern boundary line of San Mateo County; thence southwesterly along said center line of said Mission Road to the center line of Green Street; thence southeasterly along said center line of Green Street to the southerly boundary line of the Crocker Tract Sub-division; thence in a general northwesterly direction along said southerly and southwesterly boundary lines of said Crocker Tract Sub-division to the aforesaid Mission Road; thence due north to the center line of San Jose Avenue; thence northeasterly along said center line of said San Jose Avenue to the north boundary line of San Mateo County; thence due east along said County boundary line to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 14
Daly City Precinct No. 3

Daly City Precinct No. 3 shall contain all that territory in the County of San Mateo included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of San Jose Avenue intersects the northern boundary line of San Mateo County; thence southwesterly along said center line of San Jose Avenue to the center line of Mission Road; thence southwesterly along said center line of Mission Road to the center line of Los Angeles Avenue; thence westerly along the center line of said Los Angeles Avenue and the extension thereof westerly to the westerly limits of Daly City; thence northerly along said limits to the County line; thence east along said County line to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 15
Daly City Precinct No. 4

Daly City Precinct No. 4 shall contain all that territory in the County of San Mateo included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of Los Angeles Avenue intersects the center line of Mission Road; thence westerly along said center line of Los Angeles Avenue and the extension thereof to the westerly limits of Daly City; thence southerly along said limits to a point where said limits would be intersected by the westerly extension of the center line of Vista Avenue; thence easterly along said extension of said center line of Vista Avenue and along said center line of said Vista Avenue to the center line of Mission Road, also known as the main County Road; thence northerly along said center line of said Mission Road to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 16
Daly City Precinct No. 5

Daly City Precinct No. 5 shall contain all that territory in the County of San Mateo included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of Vista Avenue intersects the center line of the main County Road, also known as Mission Road; thence westerly along said center line of Vista Avenue and the westerly extension thereof to the westerly limits of Daly City; thence southerly, easterly, southerly and easterly along said westerly and southerly limits of Daly City to a point on the easterly boundary line of the Abbey Homestead Tract; thence due north to the southerly line of the Crocker Tract Subdivision; thence along said southerly line of Crocker Tract Sub-division in a general northwesterly direction to the center line of the main County Road; thence southwesterly on and along said center line of said main County Road to point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 22
Lomita Park Precinct

Lomita Park Precinct shall contain all that territory of San Mateo County included within the following described lines:

BEGINNING at the northeast corner of Township 4 South, Range 5 West, M. D. M., and running thence southerly one mile; thence westerly to a point on the northeasterly line of the Buri Buri Rancho; thence northwesterly on and along said northeasterly line of the Buri Buri Rancho to a point where said Rancho line is crossed by the westerly line of the right of way of the United Railroads, said point being on the northwesterly line of the Merino Vista Park Tract; thence northwesterly on and along said westerly line of said right of way of the United Railroads to the southerly line of the Lomita Park Tract; thence southeasterly on and along said southerly line of the Lomita Park Tract and continuing on said course along the southeasterly boundary line of the Capuchino Land Company's Tract to the most westerly line of the 73.63-acre tract, property of J. Dielmann and G. H. Buck; thence southeasterly on and along the northeasterly boundary line of the Capuchino Land Company's Tract to the northwesterly line of the R. L. Coleman 138.25-acre tract; thence southwesterly on and along said boundary of said R. L. Coleman tract to the westerly corner thereof; thence northwesterly on and along the southwesterly boundary line of the said Capuchino Land Company's Tract to the most westerly corner thereof; thence northeasterly on and along the northwesterly boundary line of the Capuchino Land Company's Tract and continuing on said course to the northeasterly line of the main County Road leading from San Francisco to San Jose; thence northwesterly on and along said side of said road to the dividing line between the Lomita Park Tract and the San Bruno Park Tract; thence northeasterly on and along the northwesterly line of said Lomita Park Tract to the most northerly corner thereof; thence crossing the Southern Pacific Railroad to a point on the easterly line of said railroad; thence northwesterly along the said easterly line of said Southern Pacific Railroad to a point in the Township line between Townships 3 and 4 South, Range 5 West, M. D. M.; thence due east to the most easterly corner of Section 1, Township 4 South, Range 5 West, and the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 25
Millbrae Precinct

Millbrae Precinct shall contain all that territory in the County of San Mateo included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at the northeasterly corner of Section 11, Township 4 South, Range 5 West, M. D. M. on the City Limits of the Town of Burlingame; thence in a general southwesterly direction along the said City Limits to a point on the southerly boundary line of A. M. Easton's 560.45 acre tract, which is also the northwesterly boundary of the City of Hillsborough, at a point distant thereof 350 feet at right angles with the southwesterly line of Vancouver Avenue; thence southwesterly along the said southerly line of the A. M. Easton's 560.45 acre tract to a large prominent rock, said rock being the southeasterly corner of the Buri Buri Rancho, also the northwesterly corner of the San Mateo Rancho; thence due west to the northeasterly corner of the Felix Rancho; thence due west along the northerly line of the Felix Rancho to the northwesterly corner thereof; thence southerly, westerly, southerly, and in a general southeasterly direction along the westerly line of the Felix Rancho to the southerly line of Township 4 South, Range 5 West, M. D. M.; thence west along said Township line to the easterly line of the Rancho Corral de Tierra; thence northerly along the easterly line of said Rancho to the northeasterly corner thereof; thence west along the northerly line of said Rancho to the southeast corner of fractional Section 26, Township 4 South, Range 6 West; thence northerly along the easterly line of said Section 26 to the northeast corner thereof; thence west in a straight line to the southeasterly boundary line of the San Pedro Rancho; thence northeasterly along the southeasterly boundary line of said Rancho to its intersection with the easterly line of the lands of R. G. Sneath; thence northerly along the easterly line of the said R. G. Sneath's lands to its intersection with the southwesterly line of the Spring Valley Water Company's 153.13 acre tract; thence southeasterly along the southwesterly line of the said last mentioned tract to the most southerly corner thereof; thence northeasterly along the southeasterly line of the said tract to the most easterly corner thereof; thence northwesterly along the northeasterly line of said tract to its intersection with the southwesterly line of the D. O. Mills 786.35-acre tract; thence southeasterly along the southwesterly line of the D. O. Mills tract to the most southerly corner thereof; thence southeasterly and along the southwesterly line of the Adeline M. Easton 275-acre tract and D. O. Mills 315.75-acre tract to the most southerly corner thereof; thence southeasterly on and along the southwesterly boundary line of the Capuchino Land Company 484.97-acre tract to the most southerly corner thereof; thence northeasterly to the most southerly corner of the J. F. C. Ludeman 72.64-acre tract; thence northwesterly to the northwesterly corner of the J. Dielmann and G. H. Buck 73.63-acre tract; thence northeasterly on and along the southeasterly boundary line of said Capuchnio Land Company tract and continuing on said course along the southeasterly boundary line of Lomita Park Tract to the westerly line of the right of way of the United Railroads; thence southeasterly on and along the said line of said right of way to a point on the east boundary line of the Buri Buri Rancho, said point being the northwesterly boundary line of the Marino Vista Tract; thence southeasterly on and along the easterly line of said Buri Buri Rancho to a point on the southerly boundary line of Section 3, Township 4 South, Range 5 West; thence easterly to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 34
San Bruno Precinct No. 1

San Bruno Precinct No. 1 shall contain all that territory of San Mateo County, included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at the most northerly corner of the 108-acre tract formerly known as the John Lennon Tract, now the property of the Henry Cowell Estate, said corner being where the northwesterly line of said tract intersects the southwesterly line of the main County Road from San Francisco to San Jose (sometimes known as the Mission Road); thence southwesterly along the northwesterly line of said John Lennon Tract and the Flood and Mackay 461.99-acre tract to the most westerly corner of said Flood and Mackay Tract; thence southerly along the southwesterly line of said Flood and Mackay Tract to a point on the northwesterly line of the E. W. Burr 377.53-acre tract; thence westerly and southerly along the northwesterly and westerly line of said Burr Tract to the most westerly corner of the Flood and Mackay Tract; thence southeasterly in a straight line to the most northerly corner of the Spring Valley Water Company's 153.13-acre tract; thence southerly along the northwesterly line of said 153.13-acre tract to the most westerly corner thereof, said point being in the northern boundary line between the San Pedro and Buri Buri Ranchos; thence southeasterly and along the westerly line of said tract to the most southerly corner thereof; thence easterly, northerly and easterly along the southerly and easterly line of said tract to a point in the southwesterly line of the D. O. Mills 786.35 acre tract; thence southeasterly and along the southwesterly line of the D. O. Mills Tract to the most southerly corner thereof; thence southeasterly and along the southwesterly line of the Adeline M. Easton 378.25 acre tract and along the southwesterly line of the D. O. Mills 315.75 acre tract to the most southerly corner thereof; thence northeasterly and along the southeasterly line of D. O. Mills 315.75-acre tract and southeasterly line of the San Bruno Park 4th Addition Tract to a point on the westerly line of the main County Road leading from San Francisco to San Jose; thence northerly along the said westerly line of said main County Road to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 35
San Bruno Precinct No. 2

San Bruno Precinct No. 2 shall contain all that territory of San Mateo County, included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point where the easterly line of the right of way of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company is intersected by the northeasterly extension of the northwesterly line of the Lomita Park tract; thence northwesterly and along said easterly line of the Southern Pacific Railroad to a point in the Township Line between Townships 3 and 4 South, Range 5 West; thence due east to the County boundary line between the Counties of San Mateo and Alameda; thence northwesterly and along the said County boundary line to a point due east of the extension of the northerly boundary line of Section 36, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; running thence due west to the northeasterly corner of the Water Front and Tide Land Company's 80-acre tract; running thence due west along the northern section line of Sections 36, 35, 34 and 33 in Township 3 South, Range 5 West, to the easterly line of the San Bruno Road; thence northerly along the easterly line of said San Bruno Road 38 chains, more or less, to a point where the northerly line of the 5th Addition to San Bruno Park, if extended northeasterly, would intersect said easterly line of the San Bruno Road; thence southwesterly on and along the northwesterly line of said 4th Addition to San Bruno Park and along the southerly line of the lands of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to the westerly side of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company; thence northwesterly along said westerly side of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company to the northeasterly corner of the lands of the New California Jockey Club (known as Tanforan Park); thence southwesterly along the northwesterly line of said Tanforan Park to the southwesterly line of the said main County Road leading from San Francisco to San Jose, also known as Mission Road; thence southeasterly along the said southwesterly line of said road to the center line of San Bruno Avenue; thence northeasterly along said center line of San Bruno Avenue to the easterly line of the right of way of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company; thence southeasterly along line of said right of way to the point of beginning.

AND IN ADDITION THERETO the following described land and territory: BEGINNING at a point on the dividing line between Sections 22 and 23, Township 3 South, Range 5 West, M. D. M., said point being 150 feet north of the granite monument set 10 chains north of section corner common to Sections 22, 23, 26 and 21, Township 3 South, Range 5 West, and running thence northwesterly to a point that is distant south 84 degrees 58 minutes west 760.33 feet from the granite monument which is set for the most northerly corner of the lands of the Western Meat Company; thence north 37 degrees 47 minutes east, 1201.07 feet; thence north 61 degrees 13 minutes east 242.2 feet to the line of the right of way of the Selby Smelting and Lead Company; thence easterly along said southerly line of said right of way to the dividing line between Sections 22 and 23, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; thence north to a point that is distant 50 feet from the shore line of San Francisco Bay; thence easterly and southerly to a point that is due west of the southwest corner of tide lot number 27, Section 14, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; thence due east to the dividing line between the Counties of San Mateo and Alameda; thence southerly along said dividing line to a point that is due east of the point where the easterly boundary of tide lot number 10 of Section 23 intersects the shore line of the San Francisco Bay; thence due west to a point that is 50 feet westerly at right angles to the southerly line of the right of way of the Smelter Railroad; thence easterly and southerly along the line distant 50 feet from and parallel to the said southerly line of the right of way of the Railroad to a point that is due east from the point of beginning; thence due west to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 36
San Bruno Precinct No. 3

San Bruno Precinct No. 3 shall contain all that territory of San Mateo County, included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of the main County Road intersects the center line of San Bruno Avenue; thence southeasterly along said center line of said main County Road to the northwesterly line of Lomita Park; thence northeasterly along said northwesterly line of Lomita Park and the extension thereof to the northeasterly line of the right of way of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company; thence northwesterly along said line of right of way to the center line of said San Bruno Avenue; thence southwesterly along said center line of said Avenue to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 49
San Pedro Precinct

San Pedro Precinct shall contain all that territory of the County of San Mateo included within the following described lines, to-wit:

COMMENCING at a point on the shore line of the Pacific Ocean where the southeasterly boundary line of the San Pedro Rancho intersects said shore line; thence northerly along the shore line of said Pacific Ocean to a point where said shore line is intersected by the southerly boundary of the north one-half of the north one-half of Section 11, Township 3 South, Range 6 West; thence due east to the westerly line of the Seventy-five Dollar Lot Homestead and the easterly line of said Section 11; thence due south to the northwesterly boundary line of the Buri Buri Rancho; thence southwesterly along said boundary line of said Rancho to the dividing line between said Buri Buri Rancho and the San Pedro Rancho; thence southeasterly along the dividing line between said Ranchos to the point where the southeasterly boundary line of the Jersey Farm Company's 133-acre tract intersects said dividing line; thence southerly along the southeasterly boundary line of the said 133-acre tract and along the easterly boundary line of the Jersey Farm Company's 1029.27 acre tract to the southeasterly boundary line of the San Pedro Rancho; thence southwesterly along the said southeasterly boundary line of said San Pedro Rancho to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 50
South San Francisco Precinct No. 1

South San Francisco Precinct No. 1 shall contain all that territory of San Mateo County included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point where the northwesterly line of the city limits of South San Francisco intersects the southwesterly line of the main County Road; thence along said line of said city limits in a general northeasterly and easterly direction to a point where the said line is intersected by the northeasterly extension of Olive Avenue, as shown on the map of South San Francisco; thence on and along said extension of said center line of Olive Avenue on and along said center line of Olive Avenue to the center line of Armor Avenue; thence southeasterly on and along center line of Armor Avenue to the center line of Linden Avenue; thence southerly on and along center line of Linden Avenue to the center line of Grand Avenue; thence northwesterly on and along the center line of Grand Avenue and the extension thereof to the southwesterly line of the main County Road and the said city limits of South San Francisco; thence northwesterly on and along said line of city limits to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 51
South San Francisco Precinct No. 2

South San Francisco Precinct No. 2 shall contain all that territory of the County of San Mateo included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point in the northerly boundary line of the 440.91-acre tract of land of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company where the center line of Olive Avenue in the City of South San Francisco intersects the same, and running thence along the northerly boundary line of Peck's Subdivision of South San Francisco to the easterly line of San Bruno Road; thence northeasterly along the easterly line of San Bruno Road to the northwesterly corner of Lot 18 of Section 15, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; running thence due east along the northerly line of Lots numbered 17 and 18 of said Section 15 and along the northerly line of Lots numbers 24, 23 and 22 of Section 14, and to the center of Section 14, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; thence due east to the line separating the counties of Alameda and San Mateo; thence running southerly along the said line separating the counties of Alameda and San Mateo to a point due east of the extension of the northerly boundary line of Section 36, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; running thence due west to the northeasterly corner of the Water Front and Tide Land Company's 80 acre tract of land of said Section 36; running thence due west along the north section line of Sections 36, 35, 34 and 33 of said Township 3 South, Range 5 West, to the easterly line of the San Bruno Road; thence northerly along the easterly line of said San Bruno Road 38 chains more or less, to a point where the northerly line of the Fifth Addition to San Bruno Park, if extended northeasterly would intersect the said easterly line of the said San Bruno Road; thence southwesterly along the northwesterly line of the Fifth Addition of San Bruno Park and the southeasterly line of the lands of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to the center line of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company; thence northerly and northeasterly along said center line of said Southern Pacific Railroad Company to a point where said center line is intersected by the center line of Linden Avenue; thence northerly on and along said center line of said Linden Avenue to the center line of Armour Avenue; thence northwesterly along the center line of said Armour avenue to the center of Olive Avenue; thence northerly along the center line of said Olive Avenue to the point of beginning; provided, however, that the following described land and territory is not intended to be included, and that the same is not included within the territory above described, nor within the corporate limits of said City of South San Francisco; but is especially excepted and excluded therefrom, and from the jurisdiction of said City of South San Francisco, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the dividing line between Sections 22 and 23, Township 3 South, Range 5 West, M. D. M.; said point being 150 feet north of the granite monument set ten chains north of section corner common to Sections 22, 23, 26 and 27, Township 3 South, Range 5 West, and running thence northwesterly to a point that is distant south 84 degrees 58 minutes west, 760.33 feet from the granite monument which is set for the most northerly corner of the lands of the Western Meat Company; thence north 37 degrees 47 minutes east 1201.07 feet; thence north 61 degrees 13 minutes east 242.2 feet to the line of the right of way of the Selby Smelting and Lead Company; thence easterly along said southerly line of said right of way to the dividing line between Sections 22 and 23, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; thence north to a point that is distant 50 feet from the shore line of San Francisco Bay; thence easterly and southerly to a point that is due west of the southwest corner of tide lot number 27, Section 14, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; thence due east to the dividing line between the counties of San Mateo and Alameda; thence southerly along said dividing line to a point that is due east of the point where the easterly boundary line of tide lot number 10 of Section 23 intersects the shore line of the San Francisco Bay; thence due west to a point that is fifty feet westerly at right angles to the northerly line of the right of way of the Smelter Railroad; thence easterly and southerly along the line distant 50 feet from and parallel to the said southerly line of the right of way of the said Railroad to a point that is due east from the point of beginning; thence due west to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 52
South San Francisco Precinct No. 3

South San Francisco Precinct No. 3 shall contain all that territory of San Mateo County included within the following described lines, to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point where the center line of Linden Avenue intersects the center line of Grand Avenue; thence southwesterly on and along the center line of said Linden Avenue to the center line of the right of way of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company; thence southwesterly on and along said line of said right of way to the southerly limits of South San Francisco; thence westerly and northwesterly on and along said line of said city limits to the extension of the center line of Grand Avenue; thence southeasterly on and along said extension of Grand Avenue on and along said Grand Avenue to the point of beginning.

SECTION NO. 54
Visitacion Precinct

Visitacion Precinct shall contain all that territory of San Mateo County included within the following described lines, to-wit:

COMMENCING at a point on the dividing line between the County of San Mateo and the City and County of San Francisco, said point of beginning being the northeasterly corner of the City Limits of Daly City; thence southwesterly along the easterly boundary line of the West End Homestead Tract to the southeast corner, and angle, of the tract, and thence in a direct line to the northerly end of the southeasterly boundary line of the tract known as "Concordia Land Company's Property" (which boundary line crosses, and passes Frankfort and Henry Streets in said tract in a northeasterly and southwesterly direction); thence southwesterly along the southeasterly boundary of said tract to the southerly end of said boundary (at the point where said boundary of the tract following the same southwesterly first changes to a course more closely approaching west than south); thence in a direct line southwesterly to the point of intersection of the southerly line of Thiers Street, extended easterly in its own direction with the northeasterly boundary line of the land known as the Abbey Homestead Tract; thence in a general southeasterly direction along the northeasterly line of the said Abbey Homestead Tract to a point in the northerly boundary line of the Buri Buri Rancho; thence easterly along the northerly boundary line of the said Buri Buri Rancho to the easterly line of the San Bruno Road; thence northeasterly along the said easterly line of the San Bruno Road to its intersection with the quarter section line running easterly and westerly through Section 15, Township 3 South, Range 5 West; thence due east to a point in the division line between the counties of San Mateo and Alameda; thence northwesterly along said county boundary line to the division line between the County of San Mateo and the City and County of San Francisco; thence due west along the said last mentioned division line to the point of commencement.

SECTION NO. 56

This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after fifteen (15) days after its passage.

Regularly passed and adopted by the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California, the 15th day of December, 1913, in regular meeting of said Board, by the following vote:

Ayes and in favor of the passage of said Ordinance—J. T. Casey, John MacBain, J. M. Francis, D. E. Blackburn, W. H. Brown.

Noes and against the passage of said Ordinance—None.

Members absent and not voting—None.

W. H. BROWN,
Chairman of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California.

(SEAL)

JOS. H. NASH,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Mateo, State of California.

Advertise in the Local Paper

Of all forms of advertising there is nothing equal to an attractive display ad in the local paper to produce the desired results. Many a business man has tried every other plan of advertising only to recognize at last that a paper read by the community is the best form of telling the public what one has to offer. At one time signs, big and little, erected in almost every conceivable place, were largely used, but their principal effect was to disfigure the landscape. The ad in the local paper possesses every advantage that other forms of advertising have and many more that they cannot possibly possess. It is read not when people are whirling through space in an auto or speeding along in a railway car, but at one's leisure in one's own home. It is read by nearly everybody and its form can be as frequently changed as one may desire.

PRESIDENT WILSON ON GOOD ROADS.

"I tell you very frankly that my interest in good roads is not merely an interest in the pleasure of riding in automobiles; it is not merely an interest in the very much more important matter of affording the farmers of this country and the residents in villages the means of ready access to such neighboring markets as they need for economic benefit, but it is also the interest in weaving as complicated and elaborate a net of neighborhood and state and national opinions together as it is possible to weave.

"I believe that the development of great systems of roads is, psychologically speaking as well as physically speaking, a task of statesmanship. I believe that it is the proper study of the statesman to bind communities together and open their intercourse so that it will flow with absolute freedom and facility.

"You cannot rationally increase the prosperity of this country without increasing the road facilities of the country."

MACADAM ROADS BECOME OBSOLETE.

Use of Concrete, at Least as Base, Advocated by Experts.

"Waterbound macadam roads, which for practically a century have been adequate for the traffic, have now, under the new conditions, become obsolete, and their further construction means a serious waste of public funds," says former President Lewis R. Speare of the American Automobile association.

"Macadam may answer for side roads and cross roads where there is little travel to wear the surface into dust and few fast moving vehicles to throw the dust into the air to be blown away. But for main roads a method of construction must be put in operation which will produce durable roads.

"Wherever it can be used concrete makes a most excellent road, or a road base for some other kind of surface. The state of California has adopted concrete construction for practically its entire system of state highways. Wayne county, Mich., has been building concrete roads for five years.

"Before the Wayne county authorities had learned by experience how to build concrete roads with expansion joints to prevent the concrete from cracking in cold weather and buckling in the hot sun, several miles of roads were built which broke into frequent cracks. To repair these cracked sections of road they poured hot bituminous material into the cracks and covered them with sand. This has worn to the level of the concrete, and the whole forms a smooth road to travel over, and one which looks as if it would stand for a generation at least.

"In some sections of the country the concrete is being used as a base, and two or three inches of broken stone, mixed with bituminous materials, put on for a surface. If properly built this kind of road should be very durable and should justify the additional expense.

"The concrete will furnish the strength required to hold up the loads which are constantly growing heavier, while the bituminized surface will prevent the creation of dust, making the road pleasant to travel over.

"The only proper way to figure on the cost of a road is to consider both the original cost and the expense of maintenance for a period of ten or fifteen years. Under present conditions of travel a macadam road would have to be resurfaced every two or three years and would be in bad condition two-thirds of the time."

GOOD ROADS IN IRELAND.

Improvements Made In Order to Attract Automobile Tourists.

Ireland is awakening to the necessity of putting her roads in order for American and other automobilists whom she wishes to attract as tourists. Irish roads until recently were notoriously bad, and in many parts of the country they still deserve that reputation, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The chief reason for this condition of affairs is financial. The roads are maintained by local bodies which have never very much money to spend and very often are almost unduly economical.

Yet there is a large sum of money actually allotted for this purpose by the government, most of which has not been spent. Since its establishment in 1910 the road board has been granted $1,200,000 to spend in Ireland, but of this sum only $450,000 has actually been distributed. The reason for this strange state of affairs lies in the system of divided control over main roads. As a result the road board finds that it is hampered in its work by having to deal with a large number of small local bodies instead of with the county councils alone, as in England.

A movement has now been set on foot by the automobile association and the motor union to effect an improvement in this direction. Their suggestion is that the main roads should be taken away from the control of the smaller bodies and put under the county councils. The consent of parliament would, of course, be necessary to the change, but there seems to be no reason why it should not be easily obtained.

BOOST!

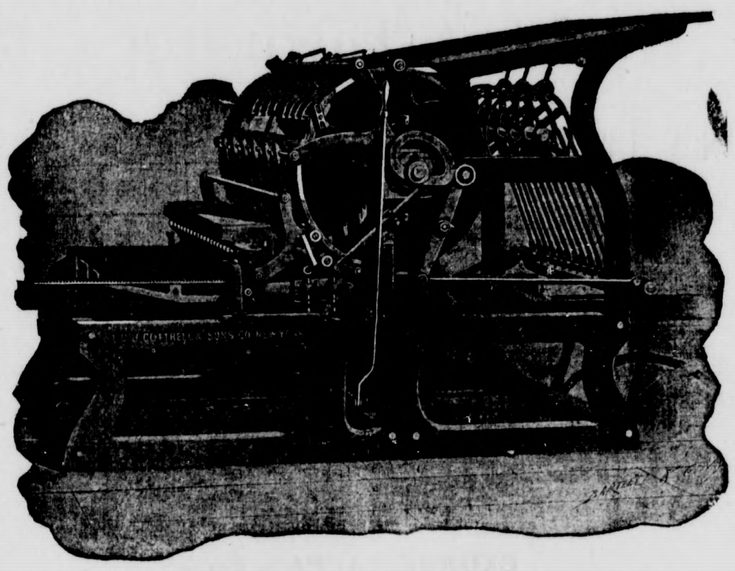
THE

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION

SAN FRANCISCO

1915

CALIFORNIA



San Mateo Index

AND

Daly City Record

Goes Directly Into the Hands of Those Whom You Wish Most to Reach

Reasonable Prices **Good Workmanship**

OCEAN SHORE RAILROAD

Sundays only	Daily	Daily	Daily except Sunday	Distance from S. F.	TIME TABLE No. 26 November 2, 1913 STATIONS	Daily except Sunday	Daily	Daily except Sunday	Sunday only	Sunday only
8:10	5:35	10:00	8:10	0	SAN FRANCISCO	7:30	2:30	4:15	5:00	8:40
8:25	5:50	10:15	8:30	2.5	Shops	7:15	2:15	4:00	4:45	8:25
8:33	5:59	10:23	8:40	5.4	Onondago	7:07	2:02	3:50	4:36	8:17
8:37	6:03	10:27	8:46	7.1	Palmetto	7:03	1:55	3:46	4:32	8:13
8:39	6:05	10:29	8:50	7.6	DALY CITY	7:01	1:52	3:44	4:30	8:11
8:46	6:12	10:35	9:00	9.9	Thornton	6:54	1:42	3:38	4:24	8:04
8:52	6:19	10:41	9:06	11.9	Mussel Rock	6:46	1:34	3:30	4:16	7:56
8:55	6:22	10:44	9:10	13.1	Edgemar	6:42	1:29	3:26	4:12	7:52
8:59	6:26	10:48	9:16	14.3	SALADA	6:39	1:24	3:23	4:09	7:49
9:00	6:28	10:49	9:19	14.8	Brighton	6:35	1:18	3:19	4:05	7:45
9:03	6:31	10:53	9:23	16.0	Vallemar	6:32	1:13	3:15	4:01	7:42
9:05	6:33	10:55	9:45	16.6	Rockaway	6:31	1:10	3:14	4:00	7:41
9:11	6:39	11:01	10:04	18:1	TOBIN	6:26	12:53	3:09	3:55	7:36
9:14	6:42	11:04	10:07	18.9	Ransome	6:23	12:46	3:05	3:51	7:33
9:22	6:50	11:12	10:15	21.1	Green Canon	6:15	12:38	2:57	3:42	7:25
9:26	6:54	11:16	10:30	22.8	Montara	6:10	12:32	2:51	3:34	7:20
9:28	6:56	11:18	10:33	23.0	FARALLONE	6:09	12:30	2:50	3:32	7:19
9:32	6:59	11:22	10:38	24.1	MOSS BEACH	6:06	12:23	2:47	3:27	7:16
9:33	7:00	11:24	10:39	24.4	Marine	6:05	12:19	2:45	3:25	7:15
9:37	7:04	11:28	10:43	26.0	Princeton	6:01	12:16	2:41	3:21	7:11
9:38	7:05	11:30	10:44	26.5	North Granada	5:59	12:15	2:39	3:20	7:09
9:40	7:06	11:31	10:45	27.1	Granada	5:58	12:13	2:38	3:19	7:08
9:42	7:08	11:32	10:54	27.6	SO. GRANADA	5:57	12:12	2:37	3:17	7:07
9:43	7:09	11:34	10:57	28.1	Miramar	5:55	12:09	2:35	3:15	7:05
9:50	7:15	11:40	11:14	30.2	HALF MOON	5:50	12:01	2:30	3:10	7:00
10:05	7:20	11:55	11:20	30.8	Arleta	5:45	11:55	2:25	3:05	6:55
10:10	7:30	11:59	.....	32.6	Fairhaven	.....	11:21	2:20	3:00	.....
10:15	7:33	12:05	.....	34.3	Purissima	.....	11:15	2:15	2:55	.....
10:17	7:34	12:07	.....	34.8	Sealrox	.....	11:12	2:09	2:54	.....
10:23	7:38	12:13	.....	36.1	Lobitos	.....	11:07	2:06	2:50	.....
10:30	7:43	12:20	.....	38.0	TUNITAS	.....	11:00	2:00	2:40	.....

IS THE MONEY TRUST MAD?

It will be remembered that President Wilson warned the money lords of Wall Street that if they should repeat their performances of the past and create a panic, he would hang the m, metaphorically speaking, on a gibbet hivher than Haman's.

They have not brought on a panic, but they have locked up the money of the country and induced partial paralysis of business by secretely ordering bankers to "tighten up" and refuse loans. Business men know that is so, and they know that their local bankers dare not disobey the orders issued to them by the New York "financiers." The head of the money trust is the National City Bank of New York, whose president is going about the country telling bankers what a bad measure the currency bill is—and incidentally seeing that they obey orders.

The President is not ignorant of the conspiracy. Through Secretary McAdoo he has served notice on the Washington agent of the National City Bank that unless the Morganeers cease their mischievious activity, they shall be brought to sharp account.

It appears that the National City bank had a spy in the treasury department, and has had inside information and preferential treatment from that department for many years. Secretary McAdoo fired the spy and cut off the special pull, and the Wall Street pirates are out for revenge. Also they are scheming to defeat the currency bill, which would deprive them of much loot.

There is no reason to believe that the Morganeers will give heed to Wilson's warning except so far as to cover up their operations more cunningly. They may stow the Jolly Roger, cover the long Tom with a tarpaulin and keep the crew out of sight below decks, but they will not turn honest men-Wilson may as well prepare that gibbet and weeve a strong rope with a smooth-running noose.—West Coast Magazine.

FUNNY OLD METAPHORS

We often hear a person saying, "Oh, I'm as tired as a dog," and we wonder why the comparison is made to a dog, an animal that is rarely ever tired, and which usually lives a life of ease. But the saying, like many others, is older than our generation, and comes down to us from our great grandfathers doubtless. Following are some of the strange old metaphors in daily use throughout the country: As fat as a pig. As slow as molasses. As quick as a flash. As deaf as a post. As sharp as a neeedle. As black as soot. As heavy as lead. As white as a ghost. As cool as a cucumber. As sweet as a rose. As light as a feather. As sour as vinegar. As hungry as a wolf. As pretty as a picture. As dry as dust. As ugly as a mud fence. As thin as a rail. As big as a barn. As cold as the North Pole. As sly as a fox. As weak as a kitten. As wise as an owl. As dead as a door nail. As pure as gold. As true as steel. As frree as the air. As stronk as an ox. As busy as a bee. As gay as a butterfly. As drunk as a lor.d As poor as Job's turkey. As cold as ice. As wild as a deer. As big as a barn door. As warm as toast. As black as night. As dark as pitch. As mean as gar broth. As pale as a sheet. As salt as the sea. As proud as a peacock. As clean as a whistle. As neat as a pin. As blind as a bat. As deep as a well. As smart as a lawyer. As bright as a dollar. As meek as Moses. As blue as the sky. As still as a mouse. As easy as falling off a log. As cruel as Nero. As soft as mush. As grey as the dawn. As stiff as a poker. As pure as snow. As clumsy as a bear. As big as a giant. As straight as a tick. As mean as sin. As happy as an angel. As mad as a March hare. As yellow as a pumpkin. As green as grass. As dull as a turnip. As rich as a Jew.

CHECK ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF MENTAL DEGENERACY

There are about fifty thousand persons of unsound mind in Hungary at the present day. Dr. Decsi has drawn attention to the fact that more than one-third of this insanity is caused by drink and venereal diseases. He suggests the following rules for checking the development of mental degeneration at the present day: 1. Prevention of those who have been insane once from marrying. It may be stated as a ertainty that many women who have had one attack of lunacy would have remained free from a second attack had they not married. 2. Immediate legislation for compulsory confinement of habitual drunkards, who are the greatest propagators of lunatics and degenerates, and who should therefore be legally restrained from inflicting their own vice on other human beings. 3. Prohibition of marriage by habitual drunkards. 4. Care in the administration of alcohol to women, as this very often makes the offspring a drunkard or a lunatic. 5. General reformation of the marriage system, with certain health requirements. 6. Prohibition of marriage when hereditary insanity exists on both sides. 7. Prohibition of amrriage by paralytics, epileptics, consumptives and those affected with cancer. 8. Restriction of the liquor trade. 9. The establishment of intermediate houses, so to speak, where those suffering from acute, but curable, insanity could be placed instead of being incarcerated in lunatic asylums.

ISH KA BIBBLE

"Ish ka bibble" is Western slang, of Yiddish or rather German, origin. It started, unless we are mistaken, in Seattle, where it got into print at least a year ago. The phrase is a corruption of the German "nicht gefledelt," which means literally "not fiddled." The Germans, especially of East Prussia, and Jews everywhere, have long used it in the sense of "I don't care." "Ish ka bibble" is the way Americans have understood the phrase and spread it. The slang word "mazuma," by the way, is a corruption of the Hebrew "mezumen" or "mazumon," meaning ready cash.

GET BACK TO THE SIMPLE LIFE

We must get the control of our unions back into the hands of our rank and file. The individual members must do their part of the work to be done and they must not expect to be remunerated for it. The system of paying for committee work of the most simple kind and the maintenance of a great staff of hired men by the labor movement must give way to a return to first principles and the doing of most of the work of the organizations by the members of the organizations.

It is because we are always ready to delegate our work to a hired man in order that we may get home from the union meeting fifteen minutes earlier that we have built up an officialdom that we will find it almost impossible to dislodge, and which prevents us from taking any action to benefit ourselves, no matter how good, that might have as an aftermath the cutting off of supplies for the officials.

It is our system of delegating our important work to paid officials that prevents the amalgamation of allied unions and the closer working together of allied trades. Most of our jurisdictional fights are caused by the desire of these same hired officials to build up the membership of their organization in order to make their salaries secure.

The most efficient organization is obtained by the individual members taking it upon themselves to approach every person working at their given trade and getting them to join the union. Hired business men cannot organize these men and women as their fellow workers can. The most efficient and at the same time the unions which are growing with the greatest rapidity are those in which the membership take an effective part and direct the officials instead of waiting for the officials to direct them.

Think it over and act accordingly.

POLITICS

King Alfonso wants Spain's schools modeled on the American plan.

Gen. Villa, the Mexican leader, objects to being called the "Robin Hood" of Mexico. He says he is not robbing the rich to give to the poor, but is fighting for justice for all Mexico.

Sensational developments are expected during the trial of ex-Mayor James McGuire of Syracuse and other big New York State politicians in the alleged highway graft scandal. It is said that the men "higher up" have yet to be reached and will probobly be exposed during the trials which will commence this week.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF ITALY

SAVINGS MEMBER COMMERCIAL

Associated Savings Banks of San Francisco
The San Francisco Clearing House Association

December 31, 1913

ASSETS

First Mortgage Loans on Real Estate		$ 6,031,879.58
Real Estate, Bank Buildings, Furniture, Fixtures and Safe Deposit Vaults		783,647.07
Time Loans (Collateral and Personal)		1,500,362.15
Customers' Liability Under Letters of Credit		38,681.56
Other Assets		42,766.84
United States, Municipal and Other Bonds	$2,406,706.41	
Demand Loans (Collateral and Personal)	2,750,543.20	
CASH	2,328,324.80	7,485,574.41
		$15,882,911.61

Liabilities

Capital Paid Up	$ 1,250,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	330,389.73
Dividends Unpaid	37,598.00
Letters of Credit	38,681.56
DEPOSITS	14,226,242.32
	$15,882,911.61

State of California
City and County of San Francisco

A. P. GIANNINI and A. PEDRINI, being each separately, duly sworn, each for himself says that said A. P. Giannini is vice President and Manager and that said A. Pedrini is Cashier of the Bank of Italy, the Corporation above mentioned, and that every statement contained therein is true of our own knowledge and belief.

A. P. GIANNINI,
A. PEDRINI.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of December, 1913.
THOMAS S. BURNES, Notary Public.

THE STORY OF OUR GROWTH

As Shown by a Comparitive Statement of Our Assets.

DECEMBER 31, 1904	$285,439.97
DECEMBER 31, 1905	$1,021,290.80
DECEMBER 31, 1906	$1,899,947.28
DECEMBER 31, 1907	$2,221,347.35
DECEMBER 31, 1908	$2,574,004.90
DECEMBER 31, 1909	$3,819,217.70
DECEMBER 31, 1910	$6,539,861.47
DECEMBER 31, 1911	$8,379,347.02
DECEMBER 31, 1912	$11,228,814.56
DECEMBER 31, 1913	**$15,882,911.61**

NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS—42,738

DIRECTORS

L. SCATENA, President.
JAS. J. FAGAN,
Vice-president The Crocker National Bank, San Francisco.
ADOLF LEVY,
President A. Levy & J. Zentner Co., San Francisco and Oakland.
JAMES FUGAZI,
Agenzia Fugazi, Pacific Coast Agency Companie Generale Transatlantique (French Steamship Line).
A. P. GIANNINI, Vice-President.
NILES PEASE,
President Niles Pease Investment Co., Los Angeles.
DR. C. E. CAGLIERI,
Physician and Surgeon, San Francisco
SECONDO GUASTI,
President Italian Vineyard Co., Los Angeles and Guasti.
GIOVANNI FERRO,
Schiappapietra Estate, Ventura; G. Ferro & Co., Ventura, Los Angeles and New York.
GEO. J. GIANNINI,
President L. Scatena & Co., San Francisco and Oakland.
JAMES C. KAYS,
Capitalist, Los Angeles.
P. C. HALE,
Hale Bros., Inc., San Francisco.
Hale Bros., Inc., Oakland.
Hale Bros., Inc., Sacramento.
Hale Bros., Inc., Stockton.
J. M. Hale Co., Los Angeles.
O. A. Hale & Co., San Jose.
DR. A. H. GIANNINI, Vice-President.
J. WISEMAN MACDONALD.
Attorney-at-Law, Los Angeles.
JOHN LAGOMARSINO.
Merchant and Banker, Ventura and Santa Barbara counties.
DR. L. D. BACIGALUPI.
Physician and Surgeon, San Francisco.
W. C. DURGIN,
Manager Bank of Italy, Los Angeles.
C. F. GRONDONA,
Real Estate, San Francisco.
N. A. PELLERANO.
Fischer & Pellerano, Druggists, San Jose.
SAM B. FUGAZI,
Agenzia Fugazi, Pacific Coast Agency Companie Generale Transatlantique (French Steamship Line).
P. J. DREHER,
Vice-President California Fruit Growers' Exchange, Los Aangeles; Secretary and Manager San Antonio Fruit Exchange, Pomona; Vice-President Fruit Growers' Supply Co., Los Angeles.

Local Advisory Board:
ROBERT WISNOM, J. H. COLEMAN, C. W. ELFVING

Savings Deposits Made on or before Jan. 10th will earn Interest from Jan. 1st.

Daly City Record

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

Indorsed by the Building Trades Council of San Mateo County.

By J. L. BROWN

Entered at the post office of Daly City, Cal., as Second-class matter, under the Act of Congress, March 3, 1879

TERMS:

One Year, in advance.....$1.50
Six Months, " ..... .75
Three Months, " 40

DALY CITY, CALIFORNIA, JANUARY 9, 1914

DISINCORPORATION—NEVER!

The Daly City Record may differ in its views from those who control the city administration on many points, including the raising of the city taxation, the excessiveness of which is proven by the fact that there is a surplus of over $5,000 derived from the first tax installment with which it is purposed to erect an insufficient municipal building, but there is no conflict of opinion on the question of retaining our individuality as a city.

This disincorporation movement that is based principally on the question of high taxation, sustains the Record's contention that the action of the trustees was both unjust and unwise. By this action they have unfortunately paved the way for additional strife and at the same time subjected Daly City to more unenviable noterity, such as appeared in Thursday morning's Examiner, to the effect that we are incompetent to handle our municipal affairs and wish to return to County Government, which is absolutely untrue.

The general opinion that the effort to disincorporate will fail, must not be relied upon too strongly. We must avoid over confidence and remember that it is easier to tear down then to build up. The enemies of the municipality are very busy and are getting results in the securing of signatures to the petition to disincorporate, and there is no certainty but that we will be forced into an expensive election to decide the matter.

To secure signatures to this petition misrepresentations must of necessity be made and there should be something done to contract the work of these sowers of discord and discontent.

Petitions are always, the result of darkness, so to speak, and those who disagree with them are at a disadvantage, so we are therefore in great danger.

If an election should be forced upon us then the contest would be in the open and there would not be the slightest doubt of the failure of the disincorporation movement. It takes a two-thirds vote to disincorporate and it is absolutely certain that even a majority could not be obtained when the facts are properly presented to the people.

Yet, with all that, such a contest would have a blighting effect upon our little city that would take some time to recover from. In fact, at this time these misguided agitaters are doing us great injury.

A MEDICAL OPINION ON UP-TO-DATE DANCES

The latter day dances have been discussed and criticised from almost every standpoint. To complete the list, The Journal of the American Medical Association has recently raised its dignified and professional editorial voice in gentle warning. "It seems somewhat late," it says, "to enter a mild protest against the fervor with which the newest 'so-called' dances have been taken up by a public already saturated with various nerve and mind-destroying amusements and caprices. It seems unnecessary to call attention to the fact that the tango, the various waltzes, the maxixe, etc., are being arduously cultivated by callow youth and calloused old age. The problems created by these dances differ according to the age of the participants; for the young the question of morality is paramount; for the old the possibility of too great a strain on a dilated heart or an arteriosclerotic vessel is paramount. The physician will do well to caution the stiff-jointed, aged patient, who derives too great a pleasure from those—to him—potentially harmful amusements."

A contemporary says: "Never worry about the little things in life." How about when a flea begins operation in the middle of your back when you are at prayer?

Magazines are said to have originated in France, but that country should not be blamed for the custom of putting a girl in a bathing suit on every magazine cover.

The city of Milwaukee is regulating its street car service, and it has adopted a mathematical plan. Hereafter, in rush hours the company must run cars enough to provide sixty-seven seats for every 100 passengers.

A San Joaquin Valley evangelist affirms that the rains this season are due to a year's continuous prayer on his part. We do not wish to carp at his claims, but truth compels the admission that he seems to have been just a trifle over-insistent.

The Recall Law has many defective features, subjecting it to abuses that cause much unnecessary strife and discord, and is wholly unjust in ninety-nine out of one hundred cases. But it is a redeming feature where the petitioners names may be published and that those who sign a recall petition are held responsible for any damages sustained by the assailed official in case he succeeds in thwarting his enemies.

WILSON'S PLAIN POLICY

President Wilson's policy in dealing with the Mexican problem is too simple and straightforward to be understood by Europeans accustomed to the devious ways and insincerities of conventional diplomacy. The German press particularly is unable to conceive of the head of a government saying what he means or meaning precisely what he says. They can see nothing in the policy of the United States but the cloak of hypocracy covering designs of piracy. The leading financial journal of Berlin, for example, said recently:

"The sly and undecided policy of the United States has made American diplomacy the laughing stock of the world. The government at Washington is aiming in an underhand way at stripping Mexico of her political independence, but all at establishing in that country the economic supremacy of the United States. If that government had desired nothing more than the re-establishment of peace it would have recognized Huerta long ago."

The President's message makes all such criticism look supremely silly. Where is the indecision in his declaration that pretended governments set up by usurpers of the Huerta type "will not be countenanced or dealt with by the government of the United States"?

Is there anything sly or underhanded in his assertion that "We are the friends of constitutional government in America; we are more than its friends, we are its champions; because in no other way can our neighbors, to whom we would wish in every way to make proof of our friendship, work out their own development in peace and liberty."

Another Berlin newspaper, as wise as a tree full of owls, says:

"Every Mexican knows very well that the policy of the United States in regard to Mexican affairs aims at establishing a protectorate, more or less disguised, over their Republic, because it separates the United States from the partially subjugated republics situated north of Panama."

President Wilson's answer to that kind of thing is so plain that even a German editor should be able to understand it. He says: "We shall not, I believe, be obliged to alter our policy of watchful waiting. And then, when the end comes, we shall hope to see constitutional order restored in distressed Mexico by the consent and energy of such of her leaders as prefer the liberty of their people to their own ambitions."

To accuse the United States of plotting to overthrow republican government in Central America and to "subjugate" Mexico and her neighbors is to assert that President Wilson is as great a liar and scheming scoundrel as any chancellor of a European power, who employs language only to conceal thought and sinister purpose.—West Coast Magazine.

SAN MATEO COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

Resolutions of Confidencce to Supervisor W. H. Brown Because of Uncalled for Attack of Livernash.

Upon the return of Seth Mann, the attorney of the San Mateo County Development Association in the legal battle for lower transportation rates, from Washington, D. C., where he is fighting the switching case before the United States Supreme Court, he will file the San Mateo county complaint for reduced railroad fares with the State Railroad Commission.

The peninsula complaint will probably be in the hands of the commission for action before the expiration of the present month. The association will demand a sweeping change in the computation of single and interstation fares.

The uncalled for attack made upon Chairman William H. Brown of the Board of Supervisors last Monday when the county fathers were in sesison by a well known resident of Belmont, was a subject of discussion at the meeting of the Board of Governors of the San Mateo County Development Association last Tuesday evening.

As a result the following resolution, which is self explanatory, was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has come to our notice that an attack has been made upon Supervisor William H. Brown, and that the assertion has been made that Mr. Brown has taken other than a neutral position in regard to the location of acertain probable highway from Beresford to Redwood City, and

WHEREAS, We have ample proof that Mr. Brown's action in aforesaid matter has been open and above board, and in keeping with his official position, now therefore be it

RESOLVED, That the Board of Governors in session assembled this 6th, day of January, 1914, tender to Supervisor William H. Brown a vote of confidence and approval in the position he has assumed in aforesaid matter.

We would never suspect what fine fellows some men were if they didn't tell us.

The surest tonic to sharpen an appetite is the absence of the price of a meal.

It doesn't always pay to take the word for the deed. Many a fellow couldn't keep a promise in a safety deposit vault.

No Shortage of Gold Gravels.

The exceptionality dry summer of 1913 and the fact that the bonanzas deposits of Fairbanks district have in a large measure been exhausted account for the decrease in gold output. There is, however, no shortage of auriferous gravels, but only of deposits which can be mined under the present high cose of operation.

What is true of the placer mines applies also to lode mining except on tidewater. The Fairbanks district has shown what can be accomplished in lode mining under the most adverse conditions of transportation, labor, water, and fuel. While the coastal region is developing at a rate which bids fair to overshadow all mining operations in the interior, no marked progress can be expected in the inland region until a transportation system is provided.

The falling off in copper output is less significant, because it is due solely to the fact that the Kennicott-Bonanza—much the larger copper producer—was closed down on account of accidents for about one-third of the year.

The finding during 1913 of deposits of auriferous gravels in two new and widely separated localities, namely, in the upper Matanuska Basin and in the upper Chisana Basin (locally called Shushana), a tributary of the Tanana River, furnishes new fields for the prospector. These discoveries curtailed the gold output in some of the larger camps, because they drew away many miners and thus caused a shortage of labor.

There was no railway construction in Alaska during 1913. Of the 466 miles of track previously built only about 260 miles were operated in 1913. This is largely due to the high cost of fuel and to the tax of $100 a mile on all operating lines. These conditions have tended to discourage the railways, especially those which are but partially completed.

STAND BY YOUR TOWN.

If you're used to giving knocks,
Change your style;
Throw bouquets instead of rocks,
For awhile;
Let the other fellow roast,
Shun him as you would a ghost,
Meet his hammer with a boast
And a smile.

When a stranger from afar
Comes along;
Tell him who and what we are—
Make it strong.
Needn't flatter, never bluff,
Tell the truth, for that's enough;
Join the boosters—they're the stuff,
We belong.

CHRISTMAS ANNOUNCEMENT

As a special benefit for the Holidays I will sell 30 Bread Tickets for $1.00, limit $5.00 to any one person, from December 15th to December 31st.

Bread is of the best quality, standard in quantity, manufactured in a clean, sanitary above-ground shop by the best of bakers, and the flour is a guarantee for the redemption of every ticket sold.

Wishing all a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

Yours,

Vista Grande Grocery & Bakery

A. VOGLER.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS

Good Meat

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Pacific Meat Company

First Township

Only United States Government Inspected Meats

BEN S. GREEN

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Mission Road & School St.

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Daly City Record

LOCAL PAGE

State Officials

Governor—Hiram W. Johnson.
Lieutenant Governor—Albert J. Wallace.
Secretary of State—Frank C. Jordan.
State Controller—
State Treasurer—E. D. Roberts.
Attorney General—U. S. Webb.
Sureyor General—W. S. Kingsbury.
State Printer—F. W. Richardson.
Supt. of Public Instruction—Edward Hyatt.
Adjutant General—E. A. Forbes.

RAILROAD COMMISSION
President—John M .Eastman.
Commissioners—Harvey D. Loveland, Alex. Gordon, Edwin O. Edgerton, Max Thelen.

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION
Burton A. Towne, Charles D. Blaney, N. D. Darlington.

County Officials

Judge of Superior Court.....George H. Buck
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Sheriff.....Joseph H. Mansfield
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
Treasurer..... P. P. Chamberlain
Auditor.....Harry Underhill
Recorder.....H. O. Heiner
Tax and Liecnse Collector.....A. McSweeney
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
Supt. of Public Schools.....Roy W. Cloud
Sureyor.....James V. Neuman
Coroner and Public Admr.....H. G. Plymire
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie
Assemblyman.....Henry Ward Brown

SUPERVISORS
First District.....James T. Casey, Colma
Second District...Wm. H. Brown, San Mateo
Third District.....John MacBain, Menlo Park
Fourth District..J. M. Francis, Halfmoon Bay
Fifth District....D. E. Blackburn, Pescadero

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE
First District

Ellis C. Johnson.....Daly City
John F. Davis.....San Bruno

CONSTABLES—First District
J. H. Parker.....Daly City
J. C. Wallace.....South San Francisco

Daly City Officials

BOARD OF TRUSTEES
Burton C. Ross, President
Edward Freyer
A. J. Green
Charles L. Biebel
C. A. Landini

City Attorney, J. H. Morris
Recorder, Ellis C. Johnson
Treasurer, T. Sheehan
Clerk, George L. Smith
Marshal, Eugene J. Lucey
Poundmaster, J. J. Sullivan

DALY CITY POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M. Outgoing mails close 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. Mail arrives at 7 A. M. and 7 P. M.

HAZEL C. RUSSELL,
Postmistress.

COLMA POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Money order window opened from 8 a. m. to 5.45 p. m.
Letters for registration must be posted half an hour previous to the time for closing the mail.
Mails are dispatched from office 15 minutes before train time.
Outgoing mail leaves as follows:
7.08 a. m.
1.10 p. m.
6.49 p. m.
Mails arriving at this office are as follows:
6.05 a. m.
11.56 a. m.
5.55 p. m.

JOSEPHINE ARMANINO,
Postmistress.

For Sale—I will sell my Belgian hares and pens cheap. Enquire at post office. *

For Sale—A 1913 Indian motorcycle, fully equipped; price $220. Enquire at 145 Santa Ana avenue, Daly City. *

DON'T MONKEY with the Cheap Printer. It costs you more in the long run. Pay us legitimate union prices for good work and get satisfaction. *

Dr. F. Bush's dental office is No. 420 Mission road. Office hours 10:30 to 5.30 p. m. except Wednesdays. Evenings by appointment Sundays 10 to 12. *

Those sending in local items will greatly increase the interest by giving the initials of people mentioned. Doing so will add value to the item and be far more satisfactory to every reader.

PAY UP!!—Quite a number of our subscribers owe for the paper. The amounts are small but when several hundred of them are added together the amount would be sufficiently large to cover all our obligations, which is what we desire.

Taken by mistake—umbrella from Firemen's dance November 26, 1913. Please return to Record office.
F. MICHELSEN,
H. F. SECOR,
J. GETTINGS,
Committee of Dance.

The honest way to discontinue a subscription to a newspaper is to first pay the small amount you owe. Thus you will retain the respect of the editor and guard your own peace of mind. To do otherwise, such as ordering the postmaster to notify the publisher that the paper is "refused," is cowardly, sneaking as a snake thief, and worse than highway robbery.

About forty attended a fine party at L. Boccis on New Year's evening.

Mrs. Angelo Selmi has been suffering for the past week or two with lumbago.

Andrew Maranda, an old friend of the Richard Harris family, visited them Sunday.

On Jan 21, the Ladies Aid of the M. E. church will give a pie and cake social at the church.

The Woman's Club was entertained by Mrs. B. L. Jarvis, Santa Ana avenue last Thursday.

Miss Odette Cooper of San Francisco returned home Sunday, after spending a few days with Miss Lilla Harris.

Bad weather has delayed the laying of water mains on Mission road, but when there is a fine day, the dirt sure do fly.

Miss Eva Redding and Paul Meeth, who are attending school in Santa Rosa, spent the holidays with home folks in Daly City.

Julius Nelson has returned from Portland, after a two month's stay in the web-foot city and says Daly City is good enough for him.

Last Friday Frank R. Sampson and family attended the funeral of his aged father, who died at his home in San Francisco on Wednesday, aged 81 years.

Another fine rain Tuesday night and Wednesday in Daly City. The rain fall this year is four inches, more than normal and three times as much as last year.

Ray Green, son of B. S. Green of the Pacific Market, Colma, was operated at Dr. Plymire's hospital in South San Francisco last week and is getting along fine.

Next Monday evening, January 12, the K. of P. hall in San Francisco, will be the scene of the public installation of officers of four Royal Neighbor's Camps, including the Daly City camp. Everybody invited.

The Record made a slight mistake in saying school would open last Monday, January 5 in the Jefferson School District. There is three weeks vacation instead of two, so the schools will not open until next Monday, January 12.

Editor George E. Dunn, the millionaire proprietor of the Coast Side Comet, has returned from a two week's visit in Los Angeles, where he was the guest of honor at several grand receptions. Mr. Dunn favored the Record with a call Tuesday evening, saying that Los Angeles in no way compares with Daly City for exaltence.

Almost Ruint.

"The story goes that a teacher had been talking to the class about Thanksgiving Day and ended by asking the little boys and girls, one by one, what they had to be thankful for on the morrow.

"'And you, Thomas,' she said to a small man in knickerbockers, whose chubby face was covered all over with enormous freckles, 'what are you thankful to God for?'

"'Well, I don't know why I should be thankful to God at all,' replied Thomas, despairingly, 'he's almost ruint me.'

Spend Your Money Where You Make It

By HOLLAND.

MONEY that is kept in the community helps every one in that community. It is a part of the common fund on which any one with anything to sell—merchandise, labor, farm products—can draw. Money that is sent away from home is withdrawn from this common fund. It helps to impoverish the entire community. Send all the money away and all the people in the community would be "broke."

The dollar that you spend with the local merchant will continue to circulate in the neighborhood, paying lawyer, doctor, blacksmith, carpenter, teacher. Ultimately it may return to you to be again started on its journey of purchase and payment. The dollar sent to the mail order house goes to swell the bank account of a concern in Chicago or New York. It is lost to your community forever. Your neighbor can't get it, and you will never see it again

Can't you see that self interest tells you to do your buying at home? Can't you see that it is the part of wisdom to spend your dollar where you are likely to get it again?

The advertisements in this paper will aid you in deciding where to make your purchases. Only the more reliable merchants can afford to advertise continuously, and only the better grade of goods can stand such publicity.

The ladies of the M. E. Church Ladies' Aid wish to announce that they have ready-made women's and children's garments for sale, or will make to order. The profits are to be used for a worthy cause. *

On another page of this issue of the Record will be found the new county ordinance relating to the new voting precincts of the First Township. It will be noted that Daly City will have five precincts instead of three as heretofore. This is caused by our greatly increased voting population.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the matter of the estate of Sarah A. Thornton, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of said deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator at his residence in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being his place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the said County of San Mateo, State of California.

R. S. THORNTON,
Administrator of the Estate of said deceased.

Dated, Redwood City, Cal., December 11, 1913.

Edward F. Fitzpatrick, Attorney for said estate.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record December 12, 1913, and continued 5 times.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Office of the City Clerk of the City of Daly City, San Mateo County, California, December 22, 1913

Office of the City Clerk of the City of Daly City, San Mateo County, California, December 22, 1913.

Sealed proposals or bids will be received by the Board of Trustees of the City of Daly City at the City Hall, in said City, not later than 8 o'clock p. m. on the 12th day of January, 1914, for furnishing the material and doing the following work; said material and work constituting the construction of a municipal water system, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

SECTION 1

The furnishing of all material, labor and equipment and sinking of four wells, more or less, in accordance with the plans and specifications.

SECTION 2

The furnishing of all material, labor and equipment and the construction complete of a municipal water system, all in accordance with plans and specifications.

The said materials must be furnished and the work done in strict accordance with terms and conditions set forth in plans and specifications of the City of Daly City therefor, on file in the office of the City Clerk, Daly City, San Mateo County, California, and at the office of the Consulting Engineers, Messrs. Roberts & Denicke, Sheldon Building, San Francisco, Cal., to whom bidders are hereby referred.

Proposals or bids must be enclosed in a sealed envelope endorsed as follows: "Proposal for furnishing material and doing work under Sections 1 and 2 of specifications" and addressed to the City Clerk, Daly City, San Mateo County, Cal., and must be delivered to said City Clerk not later than 8 o'clock p. m. on January 12, 1914.

All proposals or bids must be submitted on official proposal blanks and must clearly state the price at which the materials will be furnished and the work done under the two sections and in accordance with the segregations provided therein.

All proposals or bids shall be accompanied by a deposit in gold coin, or by a check, certified to by a responsible bank, payable to the order of B. C. Ross, Chairman of the Board of City Trustees of said City of Daly City, which deposit or check shall be for an amount not less than ten (10) per cent of the sum total or aggregate of the proposal or bid.

Proposal and affidavit forms will be furnished to prospective bidders upon application at the office of the City Clerk, Daly City, San Mateo County, Cal., or at the office of the Consulting Engineers, Sheldon Building, San Francisco, Cal.

A bond, acceptable to the Board of Trustees of said City of Daly City, for the faithful performance of the contract in an amount not less than fifty (50) per cent of the contract price, will be required of the successful bidder or bidders. The successful bidder or bidders will also be required to execute and file with the Board of Trustees a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by the Board of Trustees, in an amount not less than fifty (50) per cent of the total amount payable by the terms of the contract. Such bond shall be executed by the contractor and at least two sureties in an amount not less than the sum specified in the bond, and must provide that if the contractor fails to pay for any materials or supplies furnished for the performance of the work contracted to be done or for any work or labor done thereon of any kind, that the sureties on said bond will pay the amount, not exceeding the amount specified in the bond.

The successful bidder or bidders will also be required to execute and file with the Board of Trustees of said City an indemnity bond, acceptable to said Board of Trustees, in an amount not less than Twenty Thousand Dollars ($20,000) to preserve the city harmless from all claims for damages from any and all causes and nature whatsoever in connection with the work or any part thereof, and also to act as defendant in each and every suit of any and every nature which may be brought against the city by reason of or connected with the work done under his contract.

The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all proposals or bids.

By order of the Board of City Trustees of the City of Daly City, San Mateo County California.

Dated the 22d day of December, 1913.

GEO. N. SMITH,
City Clerk of Daly City.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record, January 2, 1914.

NOTICE FOR BIDS FOR SINKING A WELL

The Board of Trustees of Daly City are desirous of obtaining prices of the cost per foot of sinking a well. For all information apply to the office of

GEO. N. SMITH,
City Clerk.

DALY CITY TRUSTEES

At the special meeting of the Daly City Board of Trustees Monday evening, all were present except Green.

Options on two lots at $425 each were offered the City for well prospecting for City water. Mr. Fryer contended that the City should not be compelled to pay more for the lots than they were worth, or that the owners would sell to a private individual for, say $250 each. A motion was made accepting the options and carried, Fryer voting no.

The contract of the Pacific Gas and Electric Co., was submitted and laid over until the regular meeting, next Monday night.

The water bonds were received and inspected, and found not to have the Union Label as per stipulation. It seems that the firm stated that by advice from Miller & Locht they had left the Label off, but would prove that the work was done under union conditions. This seems a decidedly lame excuse. If the firm could have put the Union Label on the work, they could not have asked the advice of Miller & Locht. If Miller & Locht really thought it could be a detriment to sell the bonds why did they not so advise the board in advance? Furthermore, the bonds minus the Label are technically in error, as the official stipulations required the Union Label.

They were accepted, and $10,000 worth of them were ordered executed for the amount already sold.

The Rocklin Granite Co., having failed to install the curbs, were ordered cited to appear next Monday night or permit will be revoked.

Attorney Morris said that the city could not legally guarantee payment for the chemical engine for Volunteer Fire Co. No. 5. It was stated that the company from whom the chemical was purchased had waved the demand that the City must guarantee the payment.

It was the date for opening of bids for sale of the $90,000 water bonds, but no bids were in, so the matter was continued until the regular meeting next Monday night.

Adjourned to meet next Monday night, January 12, when bids will be received for completion of the water system.

Buy 2 in 1.
At the
Vista Grande Bakery and Grocery.
What is it?

On account of hard times and the high cost of living I have decided to sell until further notice, 25 Bread Tickets for $1.00, cash only and give a ticket free good for one fresh 25 cent Layer Cake, for each dollar's worth sold.

* A. VOGLER, Proprietor.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE County of San Mateo, State of California.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Bridget E. Dunn, sometimes known as Bridget E. Dunn, Deceased.

No. 1716.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Josephine S. Dunn, administrator of the estate of the said Bridget E. Dunn, sometimes known as Bridget E. Dunne, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, or her estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice, (made December 26, 1913) to the administratrix of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administratrix for the transaction of the business of the estate of said Bridget E. Dunn, sometimes known as Bridget E. Dunne, deceased.

Dated, December 26th, A. D. 1913.

JOSEPHINE S. DUNN,
Administratrix of the Estate of Bridget E. Dunn, somestimes known as Bridget E. Dunne, deceased.

Henry Ward Brown, Attorney for said Administratrix, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record December 26, 1913.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of John I. Hogan, Deceased. No. 1690.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Thomas J. Hogan, administrator of the estate of the said John I. Hogan, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, or his estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made October 24th, 1913) to the administrator of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administrator for the transaction of the business of the said estate of John I. Hogan, deceased.

Dated, October 24th, 1913.

THOMAS J. HOGAN,
Administrator of the Estate of John I. Hogan, deceased.

Henry Ward Brown, Attorney for said Administrator, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Annie Erwin, Deceased. No. 1698.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Andrew L. Erwin, administrator of the estate of the said Annie Erwin, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, or her estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made October 10th, 1913) to the administrator of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administrator for the transaction of the business of the estate of said Annie Erwin, deceased.

ANDREW L. ERWIN,
Administrator of the Estate of Annie Erwin, deceased.

Dated, October 10th, 1913.

Henry Ward Brown, attorney for said Administrator, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

NEW

PENINSULA THEATRE

DALY CITY'S SPLENDID Vaudeville and Movies

Cor. Mission a Templeton

This Play House is equal in its productions of Fine Pictures and Vaudeville Sketches to any place in San Francisco and the crowds each evening are idicative of the appreciative shown by the people.

JUST GO ONE EVENING AND BE CONVINCED

ANGELO SELMI
THE
LEADING
GROCER
Fruit & Vegetable Dealer
Goods Delivered Everywhere and Satisfaction Guaranteed.
DALY CITY CALIFORNIA

JOHN HENNESSY
DEALER IN
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AND
FEED
853 Sickles Ave. Phone Mission 8100
Ocean View, S. F.

Colma Pioneer Merchandise Store
M. & S. BELLI & CO.
Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Clothing
Boots, Shoes and Hats
Wines and Liquors, Hay, Grain, Feed, General Merchandise
Importers of Pure Italian Olive Oil.
Branch at Hillcrest. Public Tel. Station. Colma

NOTICE TO CREDIT ROS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Giovanni Scramaglia, sometimes known as John Scramaglia, Deceased.

No. 1699.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Kate Scramaglia, Administratrix of the Estate of Giovanni Scramaglia, sometimes known as John Scramaglia, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said Giovanni Scramaglia, deceased, or his estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made November 28th, 1913) to the administratrix of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington Street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administratrix for the transaction of the business of the estate of said Giovanni Scramaglia, somestimes known as John Scramaglia, deceased.

Dated, November 28th, 1913.

KATE SCRAMAGLIA,
Administratrix of the Estate of Giovanni Scramaglia, sometimes known as John Scramaglia, deceased.

Henry Ward Brown, Attorney for said Administratrix, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

This notice was first published in the Daly City Record, Friday, November 28, 1913.

NOTICE

Inviting Sealed Bids For The Purchase of Water Bonds of City of Daly City to The Amount Of $90,000.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Trustees of the City of Daly City, State of California, up to the hour of 8 o'clock p. m. of Monday, the 5th day of January, 1914, for the purchase of Water Works Bonds of said city to the amount of $90,000.

Said bonds will be of the denomination of $1000 each, dated September 1, 1913, two (2) bonds maturing September 1, 1917; three (3) bonds maturing September 1, 1919; then four (4) of them on the same day of each year thereafter for a period of eight (8) years; then five (5) of them on the same day of each year thereafter for a period of ten (10) years. Said bonds were authorized at a special election held in Daly City June 21, 1913, and they bear interest at the rate of five and one-half (5½) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

Bids shall be addressed to the City Clerk, endorsed: "Proposals for the purchase of Bonds," and each proposal shall be accompanied by a certified check to the amount of $500, conditioned that the purchaser will take and pay for any and all bonds that may be awarded to him, otherwise said money to be forfeited to and become the property of said City; providede, however, that no certified check shall be required of the State of California.

The Board of Trustees reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated, Daly City, California, December 15, 1913.

GEO. N. SMITH,
City Clerk.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record on Friday, December 18, 1913.

THE HOUSE ON THE HILL

An Intruder Came and Lectured the Occupant

By ELEANOR TISDALE

On the front porch sat Edward Meredith at an easel, sketching the landscape before him. He was so interested in his work that he did not notice some boys who had climbed the apple trees and were poking and beating with sticks the apples on the branches they could not reach with their hands. Presently he heard a woman's voice:

"Come down, little boys. You have quite enough apples on the ground, to which you are welcome. You are breaking the limbs."

The artist laid down his palette, rested his mahlstick against his easel and walked down to where stood a young woman and where boys who had descended from the trees were gathering apples from the ground. Raising his hat politely to the lady, he said:

"I beg pardon! By what authority do you give away my apples?"

"Do you own the place, sir?"

"I rent it, and that makes me the owner temporarily."

"Is the fruit yours?"

"The fruit, under the terms of the lease, belongs to the owner of the property, but it is under my guardianship."

"Do you consider that you are fulfilling your duty as guardian by permitting boys to come in and break the branches of the trees?"

The young man knit his brows.

"Will you kindly explain how you came to be appointed arbiter in this matter?" asked Meredith.

"Will you kindly give me a reason for your delinquency in not protecting trees committed to your care?"

Meredith was getting the worst of the argument, but, feeling that he had the right on his side, persisted.

"I am accountable for this place to the owner and to no one else," he said

"The owner is"—

"I cannot understand what that has to do with it, but civility compels me

"WHERE DID YOU LEARN TO PAINT?"

to reply to a civil question. The owner's name is Elizabeth Gawtry."

"Married or single?"

"That I do not know," was the somewhat impatient reply.

"Not know whether your landlady is a wife or a maid?"

"I have never seen her, nor can I understand what her status has to do with your entering my grounds and administering the property."

"If you see a swindle going on before your eyes, don't you think it your duty to protect the person swindled? I do not accuse you of swindling the woman, whoever she may be, but you are very negligent of her interests, and my interference is justified."

This was spoken with perfect coolness, without rancor and rather as an explanation than as a reproof. The woman, so the artist judged, could not be more than twenty-two years old and was singularly attractive. I say singularly, for she seemed to have an individuality of her own. From being irritated Meredith began to be interested, curious as to what meant this intrusion and why the lady had taken it into her head to protect the fruit trees, to give away the apples and lecture him for not taking better care of the property. He began to feel that he should exercise more politeness to a woman, especially a woman young and comely. He was young himself and noted for his deference to the gentler sex.

"I have no seat to offer you here," he said, "but if you will come up to the house I can make you more comfortable."

"That will do, little boys; you have plenty. Now run along, and if you come in here again for apples take only those you find on the ground." Then, turning to Meredith, she accepted his invitation.

He did not know whether to be more astonished at her instructions to the boys or her willingness to go with him. It was but a short distance to the porch, and when they reached it the lady at once took position before the picture Meredith had been sketching and looked from it to its subject with a critical eye.

"Very good," she said, "but this is not the best view here to treat effectively on canvas. That vista between the trees over there would make a far more attractive picture."

What did this mean? A woman had come into his premises, had given away the fruit, had scolded him for not taking better care of the property, and now she was finding fault with him for not choosing the best subject for his picture! He stood gazing at her with renewed astonishment, then fixed his eyes on the vista she had referred to and was the more chagrined at perceiving that she was right. He wondered why he had not chosen this scene rather than the one he was sketching.

"Your drawing of the little house on the side of the mountain," said the girl, "is defective. You can do better than that. Try again."

"Perhaps you will do me the favor to put it in for me," said Meredith in an icy tone.

"Do you really wish it?"

"I do."

Seating herself before the easel, she took up palette, brush and maulstick and with a few dashes of the brush converted a clumsy piece of work into a distant house blending with the mountain mist.

"Where did you learn to paint?" asked the astonished Meredith.

"I have been recently studying in Munich and other European cities."

"Is there anything else you can teach me how to do?"

The girl looked at him, and a smile struggled to obtain the mastery on her lips, but it faded, seeing by her questioner's expression that he was not in the best of humor with her.

"I am not aware," she said, "that I can do anything better than you."

"You can certainly guard the fruit trees of this place better than I."

"You mean that were I in your place I might be more attentive to them. I see now why you have seemed neglectful. The demands of art do not admit of the artist chasing boys out of apple trees."

"Be that as it may, you can paint better than I."

"I may have had more instruction, more practice."

"Are you as proficient in music as you are in art?"

"Why do you ask?"

"Because I flatter myself that I am a fairly good pianist, and I'll warrant you can prove yourself a far better one."

"Then you are doubtless my superior. I pretend to play only accompaniments. Let us go inside and determine this question."

"How did you know that I have a piano?"

"If you play the instrument it is to be presumed that you have one."

He followed her in as she went straight to the piano. Looking over some music, she selected a sonata, spread the sheets on the rack and asked him to play. He asked her to precede him, but she declined, so he played for her with remarkable expression and touch.

"You have beaten me. I can't vie with you on the piano, but I will sing for you."

She took his place at the piano and sang "Home, Sweet Home," with a feeling that he had never heard expressed before, yet it was very sad.

"I have it!" he exclaimed when she had finished.

"Have what?"

"The riddle is solved."

"You talk in riddles."

"Your singing that ballad so divinely is only to be accounted for in the fact that this is your home. You are my landlady, Miss Gawtry."

"Why do you think so?"

"Every condition fits. By the terms of my lease the fruit on the place is yours. You are familiar, doubtless from childhood, with the landscapes surrounding the place. You knew there was a piano here and on entering the house went straight to it. Now, tell me why there was that melancholy in your voice when you sang 'Home, Sweet Home.'"

A moisture came into her eyes. She made no reply to what he had said for some time, and when she did her voice trembled.

"I am the last of my family. Father, mother, sisters, brothers, are all gone. When the last one left me I shut up this our homestead and went to live in a city. From there I sailed for Europe to study music and painting, leaving orders that the place be rented."

"And I, coming by on a sketching tour and taking a fancy to the place and the scenery about it, rented it."

A door opened, and the housekeeper announced luncheon. Meredith prevailed upon the lady to lunch with him, and while they were at table she mentioned many things about the place that he had not noticed, entertaining him with reminiscences, at some of which she laughed and at others wept.

All this happened years agone. Meredith in time married his landlady and never reverts to his first meeting with his wife without wondering why this rencontre with the girl he was to marry should have been so unpropitious to a love affair. His wife tells him that he was very stupid not to have seen at once that she was fooling him.

The Meredithes do not live on the place where they first met. It was too full of sad memories for Mrs. Meredith. She would never sell it, but she would never live in it.

FOR THE CHILDREN

Mirror Drawing.

Do you think you know how to draw? Before you decide please make this test. You will need a sheet of paper, a mirror about the width of the paper, a pencil and another sheet of paper or a large card or book.

Lay the paper flat on the table. Then prop up the mirror at one side of the paper so that it is at right angles with the paper and reflects it. Now take the extra sheet of paper in your left hand and hold it so that it is between your eyes and the piece of paper which is lying on the table. You must hold the piece of paper in your left hand so that you cannot see the paper that is lying on the table except in the mirror.

You are now ready to begin drawing. It should be some simple object which can be shown by a few straight lines, such as a kite, an envelope, an open book, a box, etc. You draw with your right hand, holding the paper in your left, so that you cannot see what you are making except in the mirror. Watch the mirror all the time until the drawing is done. You will be surprised at the result.

Warning.

This is an outdoor game for boys. One boy, called the "cock," draws a line on the ground at one end of the field or playground. This line is his boundary, and while he is there no one can meddle with him. He clasps his hands before him, calls out "Warning!" or "Warning once, warning twice; a bushel of wheat and a bushel of rice; when the cock crows, out jump I." Then with his hands clasped he jumps out and runs after the others, trying to touch one.

If he unclasps his hands, or if they are pulled apart he must run into bounds as fast as possible, as any one who catches him must be carried pickaback by him into bounds, and both then sally out, clasping hands, and try to catch a third in the same way.

Each time one, called a "chick," is caught he, as well as those who started from bounds, may be ridden "home," and if the cock and chicks loose hands they also may be ridden home if caught.

Ship Alphabet.

The players sit in a long row as if in class at school. The one who acts as schoolmaster asks sharply, beginning at one end, "The name of the letter?" "A," says the first player. The schoolmaster turns to the next player, "The name of the ship?" and begins to count ten, very quickly and sternly. "Andromeda" is perhaps called out before he reaches that number. "The name of the captain?" "Allan." "What is the cargo?" "Apples." "The port she comes from?" "Amsterdam." "The port she is bound for." "Amboy." "The next letter?" "B," and so on. If the schoolmaster is very strict and abrupt with his questions and counting he can drive every idea from the mind of the person he points at. If he counts ten before an answer comes he passes on to the next and the next until the answer is given. The one who gives it moves up above those who fail. The game should be played very rapidly.

Pigments For Paints.

Mummies are usually preserved in the finest bitumen, and this ancient bitumen has in the course of centuries turned the mummies a leathery brown tint. It has been found that when the bitumen and the shreds of mummy are ground down by machinery a beautiful brown pigment is the result, exactly the tint required for painting certain shades of brown hair.

Sepia is one of the commonest of artists' paints. It is a deep brown in color and comes from a source equally strange. It is prepared from the black, inky fluid discharged by the cuttlefish to blind and baffle its enemies.

Prussian blue is prepared from horses' hoofs and is made by fusing the hoofs with potassium carbonate.

Raw sienna is soil from near Siena, in Italy. Burnt sienna, another common tint, is simply the same earth burnt.

Why He Yawned.

Little John, aged three and one-half, was anxious to sit up one evening and talk with the company, but when 8:30 came mamma said, "Come, John, it is time little men were abed; you have been yawning since 7 o'clock." Indignantly the little fellow replied, "Oh, mamma, didn't you know I was only letting in fresh air?"

A Weak Engine.

The train, a local passenger, was stopping frequently. Finally, at a railroad crossing where it stopped to whistle, a little boy about five years old remarked, "Gee, it has to stop to whistle!"

The Sandman's Garden.

Dear little old sandman
In soft grayish tweeds,
Out in your garden
Pulling the weeds,

We know who you are—
The sandman, we know,
And what kind of flowers
In your garden grow.

Poppies of scarlet
And purple and gold,
Each with a dream
In its petals to hold.

After the twilight
When we're tired of our play
We just love to slip
To your garden away.

So, little old man,
When you see the first star
Please leave the gate
Of your garden ajar.

—Philadelphia Record.

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE BIBLE STUDY ON

SEVENTY MINISTERS ORDAINED.

Luke 10:1-24—Jan. 11.

"It is not ye that speak, but the Spirit of your Father which speaketh in you."—Matthew 10:20.

MINISTERIAL ordination has for centuries been a bone of contention. Indirectly it has led to bloody persecutions. Thank God! those days are gone, so far as the majority of Christians are concerned. And yet, because the masses do not clearly understand the subject of ordination, there is always danger of a recurrence of persecution along this line. All denominations have shared in persecutions based upon misconceptions of ministerial ordination.

Ordination does not relate to a ceremony, or form, as many suppose. It signifies an authorization, a commission, to preach. Baptists, Presbyterians, Lutherans, Methodists, etc., so commission those who agree with their creeds. But Roman Catholics and Episcopalians claim an ordination from God—that all bishops are successors to the Apostles and armed with Apostolic authority; hence that any not ordained by their bishops have no right to preach, but are heretics. From their standpoint, all other Protestants are preaching without authority.

Ceremonial Ordination a bone of Contention.

But the spirit of tolerance is growing. Within the last two years Episcopalians have lifted the embargo on other Protestants to the extent that their ministers may exchange pulpits with those of other denominations.

The right thought of ordination is presented in today's Study. Jesus had already appointed twelve to be His special Apostles; and now He ordained, or appointed, seventy more, not to be Apostles, but to be missionaries. There was no ceremony connected with their appointment, or ordination, so far as the record shows. Jesus simply sent them out, telling them what to say.

Strictly speaking, the Apostles had not yet received the Holy Spirit directly. The Father's Spirit had been imparted to the Son, who shared that Spirit with those sent to preach in His name. The Father did not directly recognize, authorize, or ordain any of the Church to preach, until Pentecost.

The forty years which closed the Jewish Age, ending A. D. 70 with the destruction of Jerusalem, was the Harvest period for typical Israel. It witnessed the gathering into the Gospel garner of all the true wheat and the setting aside of the chaff in a time of trouble, symbolically called fire. The Lord (Matthew 13) intimates that in the end of this Age there will be a similar Harvest. Many believe that it began in 1874 and will end in 1914.

The Lord's faithful ones at the close of the Jewish Age were to recognize the great privilege of engaging in the Harvest; and this must be true now. Jesus compared them to inoffensive lambs, while the selfish, unregenerate world He pictured as wolves. He would not have them beg from house to house, but inquire for the most worthy in every village, and, if received, remain there until they had witnessed in that village. They were to depend wholly upon the Lord for their wants. Later, He sent forth His disciples, telling them to provide to the best of their ability—implying that their first experience had been a special one, to teach them reliance upon Power Divine.

The Master's Spirit was given them in such measure that they could heal the sick, cast out devils, etc. We are not to understand that there is such an authorization of the Lord's people today. Conditions have changed. The healing of spiritual sickness, blindness and deafness—"greater works than these"—is today the privilege of the Lord's people.

The disciples' one Message was that God's Kingdom had come nigh. God's Kingdom had been awaited by Israel for centuries. But when it was presented, only a small number were ready to receive it. Thereafter the Kingdom offer was taken from them, and since has been given throughout the world, gathering the Elect, to be Messiah's Bride and Joint-heir.

Jesus Ordaining (Sending Forth) Disciples.

The Master referred to His mighty works in Capernaum, Bethsaida and Chorazin. These cities were figuratively said to have been exalted to Heaven in point of privilege; and having rejected the Lord's favors, they would be cast down to the grave. Examples were given of Sodom and Tyre, both of which were in ruins—brought down to Hades.

Our Lord intimates, however, that their trial, or testing, or judgment, which His preaching had given was not a finality—there would be a future judgment. According to St. Paul, the entire Millennial Age is to be a thousand-year Judgment Day, in which the whole world will have a full opportunity of coming to a knowledge of God. (Acts 17:31.) Nevertheless, those who heard Jesus unmoved had hardened their hearts, and would be disadvantaged in the Judgment Day.

Concluding, the Master declared that whoever despised them despised Him and the Father. This is undoubtedly true of all whom the Lord has ordained and sent forth.

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UCH IS EQUALITY BEFORE THE LAW

reatment Accorded Rich and Poor Accused of Crime

Here is a contract which in itself is epitome of modern social life:

On the one hand we have a group gentlemen, men of wealth, refine-nt, leisure, and possessed of all e moral responsibility which liberal ucation and social position can give. These gentlemen, representatives of e very best that business and finance n produce, are accused of the mean-of crimes—falsifying weights, us-fraudulent scales, cheating the vernment and individuals, stealing ntemptibly and meanly, taking no ks, but skulking in a dastaardly d crawling manner behind their n employes. These, the accused in e Western Fuel cases (and their ployes, working men who are said have assisted in the fraud) are be-tried in the United States Dis-t Court in San Francisco.

On the other hand we have a group men at Marysville, poor, rough, trained, and representing for the st part that type which is called in ned circles, the "migratory labor-" and in the plain language of the eet, the "hobo."

These men are accused of the mur-of certain officials at Marysville. e facts are undisputed that these n, or most of them, were the mpions of weak women and sick dren, of feeble and poor men, of lows and orphans, in a conflict with ditions of employment which have n described by unbiased State au-rities as being of the very vilest.

On the surface one group of men accused as sneak thieves, the other up appear as champions of the pressed.

To which group should we expect t the sympathies of the average n would naturally turn? Which up needs and deserves most the tection and, indeed, affection of iety?

All history and ethics would reply latter.

But what are the facts? As re-ds the first of these groups, the nosphere in which they are tried is st favorable, and interest in their alf is manifest everywhere, even official circles. The judge of the ited States District Court who uld have tried the case has refused do so upon the ground that the ac-ed were close friends of his and t therefore he could not preside at trial. Everfwhere in the class to ch these men belong one hears the tement of men to the ecect that hey were in the jury they would der no circumstances find the ac-ed guilty. When acked why not, y reply that men of their wealth station cannot be convicted with-inflicting irreparable harm upon iety, without shaking the confi-ce of the masses in the integrity business men, nor without destroy-the faith of the foreigner in erican trade honesty.

The men have counsel the most te and, what is more important, most influential in legal and offi-circles, representing an outlay of least a quarter of a million dollars, s said. The judge was obliged to rn prospective jurymen that it was isqualification to be a friend of the used. The general feeling may be t judged from the fact that the secution exhausted its challenges the jurymen, while the defense had llenges to spare—a most unusual te of things.

On the other hand, the men accused Marysville have been deprived of n the elementary protection of the v. They have been held in jail m 30 to 80 days without being ought before a magistrate; they ve been tricked by every technical-known and practiced by the most erior and shystering of pettifog-g lawyers; they have had Burns tectives quartered in their very cells jail; they have been purposely posed to the risk of infection from thy venereal diseases; they have en beaten actually and physically by ugs introduced into the jail for that ecial purpose. One of them has nged himself, another has attempt-suicide, and still another has gone sane from ill treatment in jail. ey have been refused the access of their friends; they have been de-ed every little comfort or luxury hich the solicitude of their friends aced at their disposal. They have en their witnesses kidnaped and agged from prison to prison until ey have been buried in oubliettes. itnesses have been subjected to reats of hanging by the District ttorney if they did not testify as he esired. And a hostile and venal press as been for months pouring its ven-m into the minds of the people of uba county and poisoning the minds f prospective jurymen.

For the men at Marysville civiliza-ion has been abolished, and the Dark Ages have come again.

For the Western Fuel accused jus-ice wears a pink kimono, a garland of orchids, and has exchanged the sword for the ceremonial fan.

Such is equality before the law.

"DAMN, DAMN, DAMN THE INSURRECTOS"

Damn, damn, damn the insurrectos,
Cross-eyed kakiak ladrones,
Underneath the starry flag,
Civilize 'em with a krag,
And return us to our own beloved homes.

The beautiful sentiment of that song will be appreciated when it is explained that the word "insurrectos" means the Filipinos, and that originally the word "Filipinos" was used; that "ladrones" menas "robbers," and that "krag" is the Army term for the Krag-Jorgensen rifle. And it is just now known that for 15 years that song has been sung by the Order of Carabao, which is an organization of Army and Navy officers who took part in the unjust war that the McKinley administration waged against the Filipinos.

Last week the Order of Carabao had a banquet in Washington, and the banquet was profusely illustrated with "jinks" and made melodious by the singing of the "damn, damn" song. It may be presumed that even the Army and Navy officers knew that the policy of the Wilson administration towards the Philippines and the Filipinos is somewhat different from the policy of the McKinley-Roosevelt-Taft administrations.

But it seems that the new policy is not approved by the Order of Carabao. In fact, so strongly is the Wilson policy disapproved by the members of the order that advance notices of the banquet and jinks given to the press stated that the performance was designed to show the "lack of sympathy for recent developments and tendencies in the Philippine government." That is, the Army and Navy officers in the Order of Carabao notified the public through the press that they are "insurrectos" against the policy of the Government towards the Filipinos and the Philippines.

To show their disapproval of the Government's policy, and their hatred for the Administration's desire to promote universal peace, the Order of Carabao introduced, as a part of their jinks, a travesty or caricature of the Administration's peace policy, in the shape of three six-foot models of battleships with the names "U. S. S. Fellowship," "U. S. S. Friendship" and "U. S. S. Piffle." In the muzzles of the miniature guns were bouquets, and on the fighting top of each battleship model was a white dove—representing the Dove of Peace.

It is fortunate, rather than unfortunate, that the Army and Navy officers of the Order of Carabao have hoisted the flag of "insurrection" against the Wilson policy of justice and humanity towards the Filipinos. The affair at Washington will serve to emphasize the brutality of war, and will further emphasize the fact that war and "Preparedness for War" tend to brutalize the "officers and gentlemen" whose business is to fight for "the flag and a salary."

Undoubtedly, the intellectuals who arranged the jinks for that banquet got the idea of the "U. S. S. Piffle" from the Hearst papers. The Army and Navy officers are to be congratulated on their acceptance of Hearst as their guide, and the country is fortunate in having the proof that Hearst is responsible for such ideas as Army and Navy officers may have. The country is fortunate, also, in knowing that for the last 15 years the officers of the Order of Carabao have been shouting their idea that the way to civilize downtrodden people is to "civilize 'em with a krag."

That idea, so forcibly expressed, will perhaps explain some things that have taken place in the Philippines in the last 15 years. News from the Philippines has been so censored by militarists that the American people have not known the truth. We shall never know the whole truth; but the report of the jinks at that Washington banquet enables us to guess at a part of the brutal truth.

"War is Hell," said Sherman; but that gallant officer had a fierce and even holy hatred of war songs. He knew the meaning of war and of war songs. Never would he have voiced the sentiment that the way to civilize a people is to "civilize 'em with a krag."—San Francisco Star.

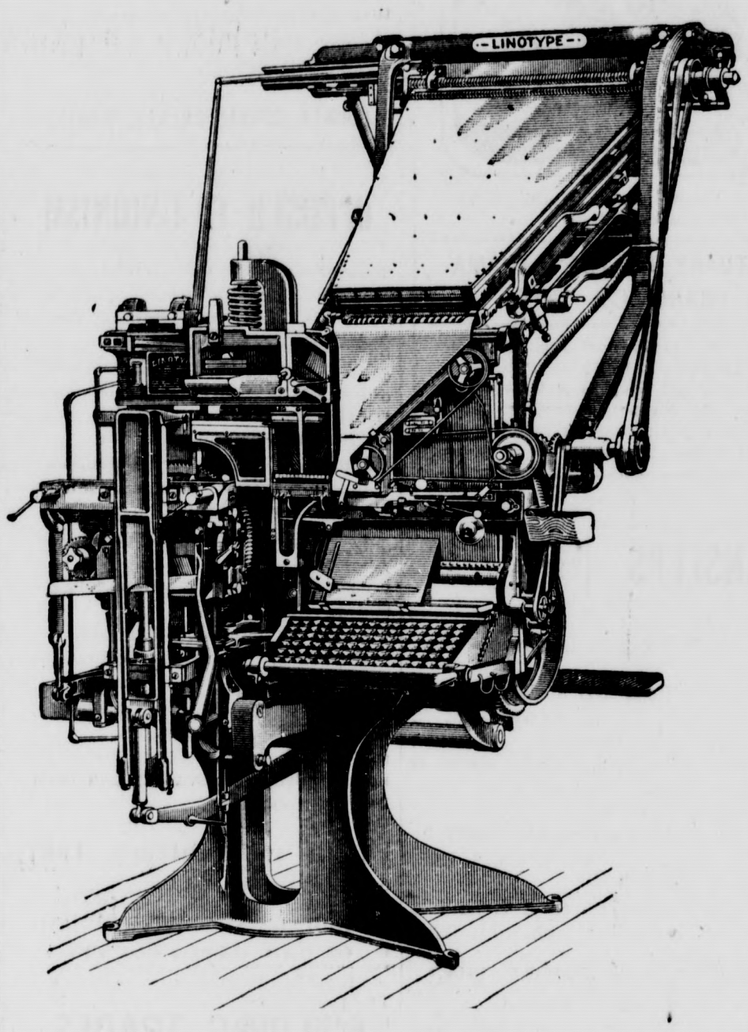
A Wanderer

I'm only a poor wanderer,
Whom nobody knows,
Far away from dear friends,
Battling life and its woes.
Out of employment,
And moneyless, too;
I've none to assist me,
O, what shall I do?
I seem fated to ill luck,
Is why I feel so blue;
There's ne'er a "windfall in my life"
In anything that I do.

—R. L. Grafton.

Land monopoly most effectively bars the workers from economic independence. The last words in economic independence for the workers of our present civilization is organized labor and the single tax.

PATRONIZE THE HOME LINOTYPE WORK



BRIEFS, TRANSCRIPTS, BOOK WORK AT CITY PRICES

San Mateo Index AND Daly City Record

SHALL WE DISFRANCHISE?

The proposition will be voted on at the next November election of disfranchising all those not owning assessed property on matters of bonding. It is not proposed to change the present undemocratic law of giving one negative vote the value of two affirmative ones. If the proposed law should by any mischance carry, we will be governed in matters involving money by a small proportion of the people concerned.

Perhaps not one-fourth of the present voters are on the assessment roll. One vote over one-third of that fourth could prevent the building of roads, the acquiring of public utilities, or even the construction of school houses. An oligarchy of one-third of the voters can now prevent popular government on these necessary matters if they so will, and now it is proposed to make it a smaller and still more select oligarchy of one-twelfth of the voters.

The writer being a candidate for the assessorship of San Mateo county on a single tax platform, as near as the present law will permit, and claiming that all voters are taxpayers and therefore interested in all tax matters, would beg your indulgence in a brief examination of the false claims of the California Realty Federation in proposing this change in the present law.

The claim of the Realty Federation that only those assessed are taxpayers does more credit to their cupidity and cunning than to their intelligence. They would make use of a common ignorance that they might further intrench themselves as the lords and rulers of the land. They expect that when the Panama Canal is open that the hundreds of thousands of immigrants competing for a chance to make a living in this new land will add millions to their already swollen and unearned fortunes. This new power which they seek will increase their voting strength fourfold, and in itself increase the value of their lands by making its ownership necessary to a bonding vote.

How many members of the Realty Federation would build a house if they could not shift, not only the taxes, but also the interest and the yearly depreciation upon the tenant? How many would maintain their ownership of land if they could not get the taxes from the tenant, and had small prospects of getting a future unearned increment through increased population? If the tenant of land pays the tax to the landlord, if the occupier of a house or a room pays the tax to the owner thereof, if the buyer of goods pays the tax to the seller, wherein can the realty holder claim to be the sole taxpayer of the State? Instead of being the actual taxpayers, they are simply the tax gatherers. The consumer or occupier is the final and only taxpayer. We are all consumers.

A great owner of tenanted property occupying the least amount for his personal use, although he might claim to be a great taxpayer, would in fact be the least taxpayer of his thousands of tenants. By what rule of equity or common sense could he claim to be the sole dispenser of public bonding revenues? This measure points in the direction of property qualification, disfranchisement, feudalism. We are not now going in that direction.

Expenditure of public money, if wisely made in schools, roads or public utilities, will add more than their cost to the land values of the district. It will add nothing to the value of personal property or improvements. Our policy of taxing personal property and improvements for those betterments, while the total increased value goes to the land, has given the land owners their unearned increments, at the expense of industry and labor. This exemption of land from paying its proper tax results in double taxation to the improver or user of property, be he owner or tenant.

The land owners of California should not be granted additional powers, but that which they now possess in conflict with the equal rights of all people should be taken away from them.

The getting of 50,000 names to a reactionary petition within two weeks in 46 counties is a challenge to the progressive thought of the State. We need some organization to take up this challenge and give battle—not only in defense of th rights we now possess, put to take from the wealthy classes those special privileges which they now enjoy. Two things should be done:

First.—Majority rule should be established, and one man's vote made the equal of every other man's vote.

Second.—The poll tax, which exempts land from its proper burden and is a direct assault on labor, should be abolished.

If no other organization could be perfected for the fight, the labor unions, whose members represent perhaps the largest percentage of those proposed for disfranchisement, could give battle. The mask of hypocritical civic righteousness should be torn from the California Realty Federation and they shown up in their true nakedness as the Great, the Reactionary, the Tax Shifters of the State.

W. G. SAWIN,

SOCIAL EVENTS are so interesting to the readers of a local uewspaper that the Index and Record is particularly desirous of mentioning them, and we wish everyone to bear this in mind and inform us of everything of that nature coming under their observation, either past or prospective. Please address "Society Editor" and sign your name—not for publication unless you wish it—but as a guarantee of good faith. Such announcements should reach this office not later than 9 P. M. Tuesday of each week, in order to insure insertion.

Gems In Verse

THANKS.

THANK God for this bright frailty of life,
The lyric briefness of its reckless spring.
Thank God for all the swift adventuring,
The bold uncertainty, the strengthening strife.
Thank God the world is set to such a tune,
That life is such a proud and crashing wave:
That none but lifeless things shall be time's slave,
Like the long dead but never tiring moon;
That godlike passion strangely leaps and runs;
That youth cannot grow old nor beauty stale;
That even death is fragile and must fail
Before the winds of joy that speed the suns.

—Louis Untermeyer.

YOUTH.

WHAT do they know of youth who still are young?
They but the singers of a golden song,
Who may not guess its worth or wonder—flung
Like largess to the throng.
We only—young no longer, old so long—
Before its harmonies stand marveling—
Oh, we who listen; never they who sing!

NOT for itself is beauty, but for us
Who gaze upon it with all reverent eyes.
And youth, which sheds its glory luminous,
Gives ever in this wise.
Itself the joy it may not realize.
Only we know who linger overlong
Youth that is made of beauty and of song.

—Theodosia Garrison.

WORTHY.

I MAY not reach the heights I seek;
My untried strength may fail me,
Or halfway up the mountain peak
Fierce tempests may assail me;
But, though my goal I never see,
This thought shall always dwell with me:
I will be worthy of it.

I MAY not triumph in success
Despite my earnest labor;
I may not grasp results that bless
The efforts of my neighbor;
But, though life's dearest joy I miss,
There lies a nameless strength in this:
I will be worthy of it.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

ILLUSIVE BEAUTY.

I HAVE loved flowers that fade,
Within whose magic tents
Rich hues have marriage made
With sweet unmemoried scents.
A honeymoon delight—
A joy of love at sight
That ages in an hour—
My song be like a flower!

I have loved airs that die
Before their charm is writ
Along a liquid sky
Trembling to welcome it.
Notes that with pulse of fire
Proclaim the spirit's desire,
Then die and are nowhere;
My song be like an air!

Die, song, die like a breath
And wither as a bloom;
Fear not a flowery death,
Dread not an airy tomb!
Fly with delight, fly hence!
'Twas thine love's tender sense
To feast: now on thy bier
Beauty shall shed a tear.

—Robert Bridges, Poet Laureate of England.

STATESMEN AND SALARIES.

IF salaries so great are seen
That all with envious gaze discern them
Some men may suffer anguish keen
Because they draw, but cannot earn them.

—Washington Evening Star.

ROOM AT THE TOP.

THERE'S ever a crowd in the valley,
For the lower a soul descends,
The more it finds of the smaller minds
That seek out their selfish ends.
There's companionship in the valley,
With others your lot is thrown,
But the man who tries for the larger prize
Must travel the heights alone.

He must make for himself a pathway
Where no other foot e'er trod
Till he grows complete in contentment sweet
As he learns to walk with God.
There is glory upon the mountain,
Though the summit is cold and bleak,
Yet the radiant burst of the dawn falls first,
Like a blowing rose on the peak.

Then dare the paths of the mountain,
Oh, spirit with godlike fire,
Whose depths are stirred by an inward word,
To struggle and to aspire,
Be not content, with the sluggard,
In the valley of life to stop,
But with purpose bold heed the adage old:
"There's always room at the top."

—J. A. Edgerton.

LOVE'S DANCE.

LOVE came dancing through the world,
And my heart was glad.
Love she came and danced with me
When the world was sad—
Danced and kissed me on the lips
Till my blood ran mad.

AND forgotten was the world,
Gold and ruby's shine;
Folly came and to our lips
Pressed her ruby wine,
And I laughed, and danced we on;
Youth and Love were mine.

WISE ones sought to lure me back—
Wise ones gray and old—
Showed me Wisdom and Renown
And the glint of gold,
But they could not hear the tale
Love to me had told.

WHAT cares Love for great renown,
Gold or rubies fine?
Beggars they who cling to these,
Leaving Love for mine;
Holding to their breasts but dross
While I drink Love's wine!

—Will Lisenbee.

SUPERIOR COURT

Cases Pending, in Progress, Settled, With Interesting Details to San Mateo County Folks

Walter Sealy vs. Samuel Knight. Trial continued to January 17.

Joe Wilson Printing Co. vs. Louise Matthi. Trial set for January 9th.

W. J. Eva vs. Walter Anderson. Remittitur from Superior Court ordered led.

W. S Sefis vs. Lundborp Morgan Co. Order to show cause continued to January 8th.

W. S. Tevis vs. Lundbory Morp, et al. Order to show cause continued to January 8th.

D. H. and M. A. Edwards Co. vs Katz & Son. Judgment ordered for plaintiff as prayed for.

D. H. and M. A. Edwards Co. have brought a suit in the Superior Court against Katz and Sons and others, to quiet title to all of block 27, Union Park, near Colma

The Halfmoon Bay Light and Power Co., has brought suit against John T. Mabey to recover the sum of $1000 on a promissory note executed at Halfmoon Bay on March 6, 1913. The plaintiff also asks for interest and costs of suit.

Mary W. Glascock has applied for letters testamentary upon the estate of John R. Glascock, who died at Portola on November 10, 1913. The estate consists of cash in bank amounting to $6000. The will left by the deceased, executed over 20 years ago, was filed for probate. By its terms the entire estate was bequeathed to his wife, who is the petitioner.

The Federal Construction Company has instituted several suits against many property owners to recover various sums for street work done in front of their property on Poplar avenue, San Mateo. The following are the defendants: William H. Lipp, $110.32; Edwin Dews, $54.22; James L. Gray, $77.53; Margaret Nelson and others, $58.48; Jesefa Novak, $34.45.

REDWOOD CITY RUMBLINGS

Mrs. Margaret Kirtland is here from Lodi visiting her young friends with whom she is very popular.

Born—In Redwood City, December 31, to the wife of Albert Mansfield, a daughter.

Born in Redwood City December 28, 1913, to the wife of Geo. A. Deleau, a daughter.

S. P. McCrea and R. W. Mantz attended the State Teachers' Association at Oakland last week

Treasurer P. P. Chamberlain during the year 1913 has forwarded the State Controller the sum of $12000 as inheritance tax collected from the various estates of deceased persons in the county.

H. E. Mootz and wife, formerly of Stockton but have been touring Europe for the past year, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Archer Kincaid of this city. Mrs. Mootz is a sister of Mrs. Kincaid.

Mrs. Thomas Tuite returned from the Peninsula hospital at Palo Alto last Monday after being confined there for the past month.

Mrs. H. Jansing and children who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. Hess for the past week have returned to their home in San Francisco.

Mrs. Bell Wentworth, who is connected with the school department of Oakland, spent New Year's day with her mother, Mrs. James Crowe.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Root of Los Angeles are here for a few days visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. A. M. Porter. Mr. Root is the Pacific Coast secretary of the American Peace Association.

Miss Mayell Byrd returned yesterday to her duties as stenographer for Ross & Ross, the attorneys, after an absence of eight months. She was severely injured in an automobile accident on Roosevelt avenue eight months ago.

As a result of the recent big storm very little damage has been reported. Several trees have been blown down in town and the woodwork of the new bridge on the highway near the Beeger tannerry was washed away by the swollen stream. A small bridge near Portola is reported to have been swept away. The total rain fall for the recent storm has been 2.35 inches, making a total of 10.13 inches for the season.

Kendall Towne, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. F. K. Towne, met with a serious accident last Saturday while hunting pigeons on the roof of the barn at his parents' home in Wellesley Park. The roof was wet and the boy slipped and fell to the ground, sustaining a fracture of one of the bones of the left hand above the wrist.

It's practice that makes perfect, not preaching.

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TWO NOTABLE PIECES OF STATUARY AT THE PANAMA-PACIFIC EXPOSITION, SAN FRANCISCO, 1915.

STRIKING examples of the decorative sculpture at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition are shown in these two illustrations. At the left is "Rain," by Albert Jaegers, a figure that will be a companion to "Sunshine," by the same sculptor, ornamenting the Court of the Four Seasons in the main group of exhibit palaces. The camel with its Mohammedan rider is by Frederick G. R. Roth.

REALTY TRANSFERS

Guadaloupe Dev. Co. to T. Mahan. Lot 30, blk 13, City of Visitacion

J. P. Swanson to A. J. Barbiere, Lots 2 to 6, blk 13, Adn, Arleta Park.

W H Wolf and wife, to J W Morgan, Lots 27 to 34, blk 13, Wave Crest

Shore Line Investment Co. to J. Young, Lot 4, blk 27, Granada.

Boston Investment Co. to C V Ross. Portion lot 1, blk 4, Burlingame Park Sub. 4.

Dora L. Mahoney and husband to P. Baratteri. Lot 6, Buckingham's Sub, So. San Francisco.

Hensley-Green Co to A J Homem. Lot 44, blk 1, San Bruno Park.

Cal. Suburban Land Co to A E G Bush. Lots 32, 33, blk 35, Redwood Park.

Catherine Devine to Ellen A Bonnalie. Lot 18, blk 7, Burlingame Park.

Claude Littlepage et al to A L Brown. Lot 40 blk 2, Moss Beach.

J R Cunningham and wife to Mary Mannion. Lots 16 17, blk 52, Farrallone City 1st Adn and lots 23, 24, blk 59, Farrallone City 2d Adn.

J P La Point to Vahan Sorijanian. S 1-2 lot 7, blk 1, West Redwood.

D L Sayer to E J Smith. Lot 34, blk 21, Montara.

G H Gerwin and wife to W W Galloway and wife. Lots 21, 22, blk A, Redwood Farm. W W & M Subdivision.

C A Hooper & Co to The Moxey The Moxey Realty Co to J J Rear and wife. Property in Town of Redwood.

Mary E Read and husband to The Moxey Realty Co. Portion blk 7, Hancock's Adn, Redwood.

Maurice Rosenthal Realty Co to O Grethen, Park blks 6, 7, 8, Concorrdia Land Co Pro.

J Hayden and wife to Ira Cobe Lots 9, 10, blk 6, lots 45, 35 blk 1 Burlingame Terrace.

Hensley-Green Co to E Hendricks and wife. Lots 24, blk 14, San Brruno Park

Shore Line Invest Co to C W Bordenia Loa 22, blk 27, Granada.

Hensley-Green Co o M Cloney and wife Lots 59 and 60, blk 10, San Bruno Parkr.

Bowie ...state Co, ea al ao B Aloise. Lots 9, 10, blk 68, Santa Ynez Park.

M B Taber and husband to H F Blackford. Lot 20, blk 39, Lyon & Hoag Sub.

G Katz and wife to D H and M A Edwards Co. Blok 27, Union Park Land Co.

Ellen M Mero to H D McGarvey. Lot 5, blk 8, Eastern Addn., Redwood.

J F McVey and wife to C W Wright. Lots 11, 12, blk 1, Senevein Sub.

Ira M Cobe and wife to J Hayden and wife. Lot H, blk 6, Burlingame Terrace.

Ansel M Easton and wife to L L Roach. Lot 19, blk 60, Easton Adn to Burlingame.

Altitudes in California.

Incidental to its topographic mapping in the State of California, the United States Geological Survey has placed bench marks showing altitudes at more than 4,000 datum points. These points vary considerably in altitude, ranging from one in the Salton region 257 feet below sea level to the summit of Mount Whitney, 14,501 feet above the sea. Many of the datum points established in the Salton region, however, have possibly been lost to view on account of the flooding of Salton Sea several years ago, when Colorado River broke through its banks.

The exact elevation of these 4,000 or more bench marks are shown in Bulletins 342 and 481 of the United States Geological Survey, which contain the results of spirit leveling in California from 1896 to 1910, inclusive. The work in Sacramento, Salinas, and San Joaquin valleys, from 1907 to 1910, inclusive, was done in co-operation with the State.

Engineers and surveyors who need to have accurately determined points from which to start surveys of any kind find the spirit-leveling bulletins published by the Geological Survey of value. Although the Survey's published maps show the elevations of points within the areas mapped, these elevations are approximate, whereas the elevations listed in the bulletins are given to the thousandth of a foot. Those who have ocasion to use the bench-mark elevations should have a copy of the spirit-leveling bulletins for reference. Bulletins 342 and 481 may be obtained free on application to the Director of the Geological Survey, Washington, D. C.

All News in Swiss Papers Killed

The Association of the Swiss papers today issued a classified list of subjects which all news editors "Should be careful to exclude from all newspapers in view of the newspapers being the sole intellectual provender of the masses," as follows:

All ciurt news, unless it is of historical importance.

All personal gossip.

All sensational news such as the reports of suicides.

All news circulated in the interest of a political party.

All improbable news.

In a resolution the association requests the public to refuse to read "Journals which do not conform to this standard."

Gentlemanly Conductors Now.

The justice of this recognition is apparent to any one who has had occassion to travel a great deal on local conveyancecs, particularly the U. R. R., though its service of late is giving the public better satisfaction. For a long time, however, under Calhoun's administration, one's life seemed in danger if he essayed to get even information from a conductor, no matter how polite or gentlemanly you may have addressed him. Any civil question would instantly impress you with your own insignificance and the immeasurable importance of the brassbutton boodler. Pictured by his conceit, if he were formed proportionately in physique, there could be no room for any one else on the car.—Coast Side Comet.

PROBATE MATTERS

Estate of David L. Maywell, deceased. C. B. Maxwell granted letters of administration with bond fixed at $300.

Estate of George Heisenbuttel, deceased. Final account allowed and settled and petition for distribution granted.

Estate and guardianship of Loren Coburn, an incompetent person. Petition for restoration to capacity continued to Jan. 6.

Jefferson M. Moore, executor of the last will and testament of J. J. Moore, deceased, has filed his final account and petition for distribution of the estate in the county clerk's office. The amount of money in the hands of the executor is, $35,203.73, the total paid in claims amounts to $9274.26, the amount paid out in expenses of administration is $8946.56, making a total distribution of $16,220.82, leaving a balance of $16,982.91 in the hands of the executor to be distributed. The attorneys commissions are $2105.60, and the executor's commission was a like sum.

COUNTY CORRESPONENTS WANTED

[Advertisement]

OPPOSED TO UNIONISM

Union men and their friends do not patronize the following:

Campbell, electrician, Burlingame

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J. H. Rockingham, building contractor, Burlingame.

Bradwick, contractor, Burlingame.

John Vickerson. building contractor. Burlingame.

Fulton, building contractor, Burlingame.

John Lee, building contractor, San Mateo.

King, sign painter, Belmont.

McMahon, electrical contractor, Burlingame.

Madden, plumber, Burlingame.

Joseph Parody Company.

W. C. Barrack Building Co.

Baird Bros., contractors and builders, Redwood City.

Union men please take notice

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL OF SAN MATEO COUNTY

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL

President—J. H. Flynn.
Vice-president—Patrick Keary.
Rec. Secty.—Edward Brady.
Fin. Sec.-Treas.—C. H. Morrison.
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Meets every Thursday evening at 8.

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Handle Real Estate in all its branches
WANTED:
1 to 5 acres on the State Highway
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$1600 House, 7 rooms, Third Addition, $15 monthly
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Pictures of all kinds made and framed to order
Finest Children's and Profession Work in the City

S. P. TIME TABLE

IN EFFECT JANUARY 4, 1914

To San Francisco		Fr. San Francisco	
Leave San Mateo	Arrive S. F.	Leave S. F.	Arrive San Mateo
AM	AM	AM	AM
* 5 48	6 30	4 25	5 06
6 24		x 6 30	7 04
* 6 41	7 25	* 7 05	7 43
6 57	7 35	8 10	8 46
* 7 22	8 00	9 00	9 32
* 7 45	8 20	10 40	11 17
8 07	8 40	11 40	PM
* 8 25	9 00	PM	12 17
9 05	9 40	1 20	1 57
9 36	10 10	x 3 00	3 32
11 04	11 40	3 25	3 55
11 57	PM	4 20	4 54
PM	12 30	* 5 05	5 42
12 46	1 25	* 5 25	5 58
3 25	4 00	5 40	6 16
4 58	5 30	* 6 05	6 47
5 12	5 50	x 6 30	7 04
6 50	7 20	x 8 10	8 46
7 03	7 45	10 05	10 39
7 28	8 00	11 45	12 20
7 52	8 30		
8 32	9 05		
11 22	11 55		

*Daily ex. Sunday—x connect at San Jose with Coast Line trains to Los Angeles—a Stop on Flag for points South of San Jose.

Lumber
Windows
Doors
Frames
Tanks
Cement
Lime
Plaster

Pioneer Auto Delivery

Bth Tubs
Toilets
Lavatories
Nails
Paints-Oils
Glass
Sewer Pipe
Patent Chimneys

SPRING VALLEY LUMBER YARD

LUMBER

Mill Work, Hardware
And
Plumbing Material

Phones Mission 253 Mission 254
2401 San Jose Avenue

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The San Francisco Clearing House Association
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Capital Authorized - -	$2,000,000.00
Capital Paid In . .	1,250,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits .	299,068.69
Resources Over . . .	14,000,000.00

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A general Banking, Exchange, Loan and Collection Business transacted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Interest at current rates paid on Savings and Time Deposits. Safety Deposits Boxes to rent at $1.00 per year.

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NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

TAXES 1913

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Books of the County of San Mateo (real and personal) for the fiscal year 1913, have been received and the taxes on all personal property and one-half of the taxes on all real property are now due and payable and will be delinquent on the

Last Monday in November, 1913, at 6 o'clock P. M.

And unless paid prior thereto, 15 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. If the said first installment of taxes be not paid before the Last Monday in April, 1914, at 6 P. M., an additional 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. The remaining one-half of the taxes on real property will be payable on or after the **First Monday in January**, Next thereafter, and be delinquent on the **Last Monday in April, 1914**, at 6 o'clock P. M. and that unless paid prior thereto 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

All taxes may be paid at the time the first installment, as herein provided, is due and payable.

If deed to your property was not recorded before March 1st, 1913, your name will not appear on assessment roll this year.

I will be in attendance to receive taxes at the following places and times:

Pescadero, Wednesday, Octob 22d, at Swanton House, from 1 p. to 5 p. m.

San Gregorio, Thursday, Octob 23d, at E. Montevaldo's, during for noon.

Halfmoon Bay, Saturday, Octob 25th, at Bank of Halfmoon Bay, fro 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

South San Francisco, Wednesda October 29th, at Town Hall, from a. m. to 4 p. m.

San Bruno, Thursday, October 30t at Justice Court Room, from 10 a. to 3 p. m.

Daly City, Saturday, Novemb 1st, at Town Hall, from 9 a. m. 4 p. m.

Colma, Monday, November 3d, Belli's Store, from 10 a. m. to 3 p.

Burlingame, Wednesday, Nover ber 5th, at Town Hall, from 9 a. to 4 p. m.

San Mateo, Friday and Saturda November 7th and 8th, at City Ha from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

First Installment Taxes Delinque November 24, at 6 p. m.

Address all communications r garding State and County taxes to

A. McSWEENEY,
County Tax Collector, San Mate County.

REDWOOD CITY, CAL.